

## SEARCH REQUEST FORM

Examiner # (Mandatory): \_\_\_\_\_ Requester's Full Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Art Unit \_\_\_\_\_ Location (Bldg/Room#): \_\_\_\_\_ Phone (circle 305 306 308) \_\_\_\_\_

Serial Number: \_\_\_\_\_ Results Format Preferred (circle): PAPER DISK E-MAIL

Title of Invention 154100 - 1001-1001Inventors (please provide full names): James J. Jonesmej

Earliest Priority Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Keywords (include any known synonyms registry numbers, explanation of initialisms):

see attached

## Search Topic:

Please write detailed statement of the search topic, and the concept of the invention. Describe as specifically as possible the subject matter to be searched. Define any terms that may have a special meaning. Give examples of relevant citations, authors, etc., if known. You may include a copy of the abstract and the broadcast or most relevant claim(s).

Point of Contact:  
Thomas G. Larson, Ph.D.  
703-308-7309  
GM1, Rm. 6 B 01

## STAFF USE ONLY

Searcher: TOL

Searcher Phone #: \_\_\_\_\_

Searcher Location: \_\_\_\_\_

Date Picked Up: 12/30Date Completed: 1/3/03Clerical Prep Time: 60Terminal Time: 325

Number of Databases: \_\_\_\_\_

## Type of Search

\_\_\_\_ N.A. Sequence

\_\_\_\_ A.A. Sequence

2 Structure (#)

\_\_\_\_ Bibliographic

\_\_\_\_ Litigation

\_\_\_\_ Fulltext

\_\_\_\_ Procurement

\_\_\_\_ Other

## Vendors (include cost where applicable)

725 STN

\_\_\_\_ Questel/Orbit

\_\_\_\_ Lexis/Nexis

\_\_\_\_ WWW/Internet

\_\_\_\_ In-house sequence systems (list)

\_\_\_\_ Dialog

\_\_\_\_ Dr. Link

\_\_\_\_ Westlaw

\_\_\_\_ Other (specify)

# Results for Structure (II)

A. Owens; 10/018,308

Page 1

=> FIL REG

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:35:53 ON 03 JAN 2003

USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.

PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.

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Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 2 JAN 2003 HIGHEST RN 478001-04-6

DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 2 JAN 2003 HIGHEST RN 478001-04-6

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH MAY 20, 2002

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

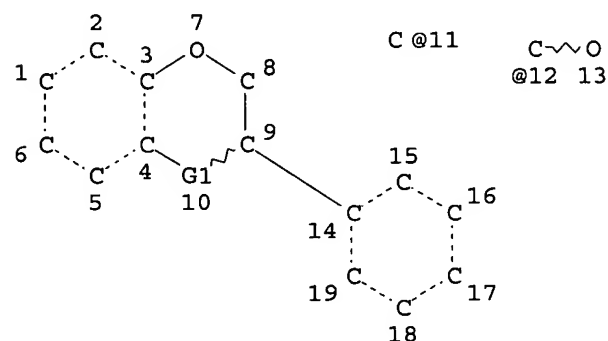
Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. See HELP PROPERTIES for more information. See STNote 27, Searching Properties in the CAS Registry File, for complete details:

<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/STN/STNOTES/stnotes27.pdf>

=> d que l11

L1	SCR 1133
L2	SCR 1135
L3	SCR 1044
L4	SCR 2050
L5	SCR 2043
L6	SCR 1918
L7	STR



see results for structure I for explanation.

VAR G1=11-4 11-9/12-4 12-9

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

CONNECT IS E2	RC AT	2
CONNECT IS E2	RC AT	5
CONNECT IS E2	RC AT	8
CONNECT IS E3	RC AT	9
CONNECT IS E2	RC AT	11
CONNECT IS E3	RC AT	12

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM  
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RSPEC I

NUMBER OF NODES IS 19

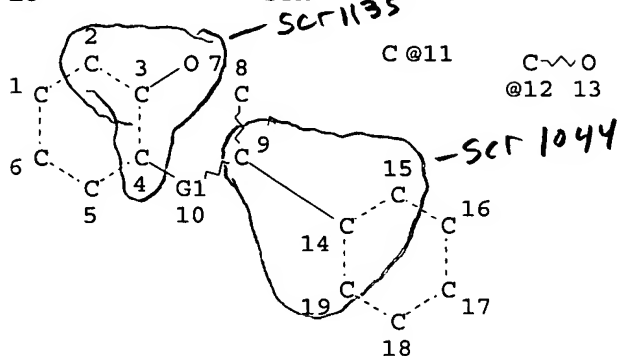
Searched by Thom Larson, STIC, 308-7309

Point of Contact:  
Thomas G. Larson, Ph.D.  
703-308-7309  
CM1, Rm. 6 B 01

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L8

STR



VAR G1=11-4 11-9/12-4 12-9

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 2

CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 5

CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 8

CONNECT IS E3 RC AT 9

CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 11

CONNECT IS E3 RC AT 12

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RSPEC I

NUMBER OF NODES IS 19

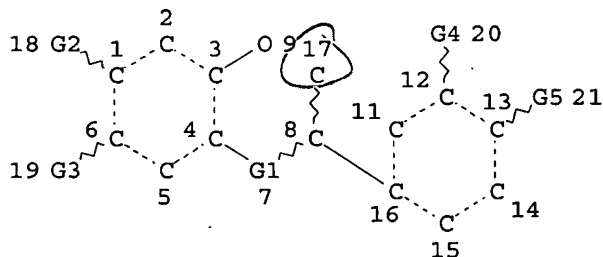
STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L9 ( 1531)SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL (L7 OR L8) AND ((L1 OR L2) AND L3)

NOT (L4 OR L5 OR L6)

L10

STR



VAR G1=22-4 22-8/23-4 23-8

VAR G2=H/O

VAR G3=H/O

VAR G4=H/O

VAR G5=H/O

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 2

CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 5

CONNECT IS E3 RC AT 8

CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 11

CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 14

CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 15

CONNECT IS E1 RC AT 17

Initial structure for  
compound II -

bond: 8-9 is  
undefined (m) so that  
both single and double  
bonds will be picked  
up, R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>4</sub> are  
left undefined.

} initial  
answer  
set - see  
results for  
structure I  
for details.

This structure is the same  
as L8 but refines the  
answer set by introducing  
R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>4</sub> to H or  
-O- (as in OH or OMe).  
Also, C@17 is limited to  
having only H substituents.

CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 22  
CONNECT IS E3 RC AT 23  
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM  
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:  
RSPEC I  
NUMBER OF NODES IS 23

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE  
L11 0 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L9 SSS FUL L10

*Search answer set L9 with structure L10 -  
structure L10 is still broader than compound  
(II) - so it should have picked up any  
similar structures.*

# Results for Structure (I).

A. Owens; 10/018,308

Page 1

=> file reg hcaplus

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:35:12 ON 03 JAN 2003

USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.

PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.

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FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:35:12 ON 03 JAN 2003

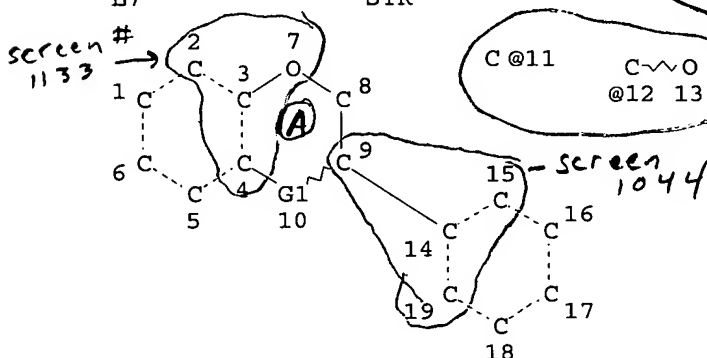
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.

PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.

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=> d que 139

L1 SCR 1133  
L2 SCR 1135  
L3 SCR 1044  
L4 SCR 2050  
L5 SCR 2043  
L6 SCR 1918  
L7 STR



VAR G1=11-4 11-9/12-4 12-9

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 2

CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 5

CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 8

CONNECT IS E3 RC AT 9

CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 11

CONNECT IS E3 RC AT 12

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RSPEC I

NUMBER OF NODES IS 19

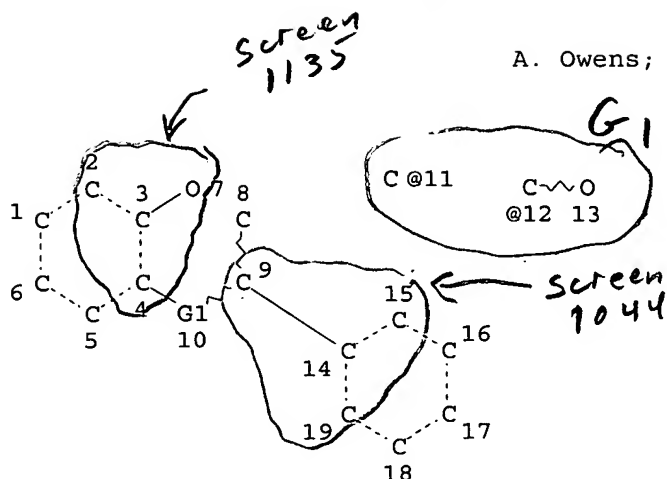
STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L8 STR

This screen is for the configuration of the C@ #3 in L7  
This screen is for same configuration but the C-O bond is a chain bond - see L8  
This screen is for the configuration of the C@ #4 in both L3 & L8

2050 - alloys  
2043 - metals  
1918 - polymers

This structure looks for compounds like I. G<sub>1</sub> can have C<sub>11</sub> or C<sub>12</sub> in the ring allowing ring A to have a -H, -OH, or =O moiety attached to ring @ G<sub>1</sub>. The undefined bond (me) @ G<sub>1</sub> - C<sub>9</sub> allows that bond to be either a single or double bond. R<sub>1</sub> - R<sub>4</sub> are left open and will be defined later.



This searches for structure II and will be discussed in the results for that structure.

VAR G1=11-4 11-9/12-4 12-9

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 2

CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 5

CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 8

CONNECT IS E3 RC AT 9

CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 11

CONNECT IS E3 RC AT 12

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

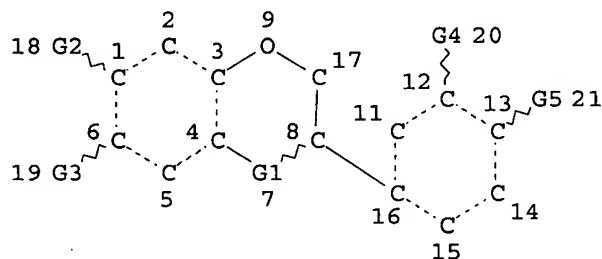
RSPEC I

NUMBER OF NODES IS 19

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L9 ( 1531)SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL (L7 OR L8) AND ((L1 OR L2) AND L3)

L10 NOT (L4 OR L5 OR L6) — not metal or alloy or polymer  
STR



C@22

C~O  
@23 24

— structure I  
— structure II  
— scr 1133  
— scr 1135  
— scr 1044  
initialed  
answer  
set —  
combines  
structures  
I & II

This structure is the same as L7, but refines the answer set by defining R1 - R4 of structure I

R3 VAR G1=22-4 22-8/23-4 23-8

R4 VAR G2=H/OH/MEO

R2 VAR G3=H/OH/MEO

R1 VAR G4=H/OH/MEO

VAR G5=H/OH/MEO

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 2

CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 5

CONNECT IS E3 RC AT 8

CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 11

CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 14

CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 15

CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 17

CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 22

CONNECT IS E3 RC AT 23

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM  
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

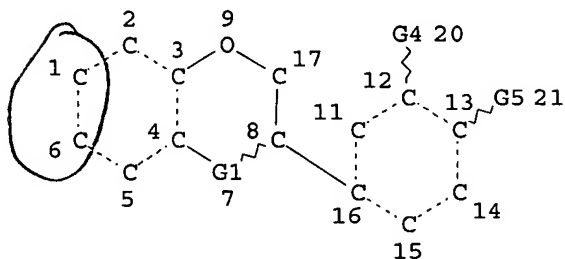
GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RSPEC I

NUMBER OF NODES IS 23

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L11 STR



C @22

C~O  
@23 24

This structure represents  
the special case where  
 $R_3$  &  $R_4$  are both H -  
see lines 9-10 claim 1.

VAR G1=22-4 22-8/23-4 23-8

VAR G4=H/OH/MEO

VAR G5=H/OH/MEO

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 1

CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 2

CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 5

CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 6

CONNECT IS E3 RC AT 8

CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 11

CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 14

CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 15

CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 17

CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 22

CONNECT IS E3 RC AT 23

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

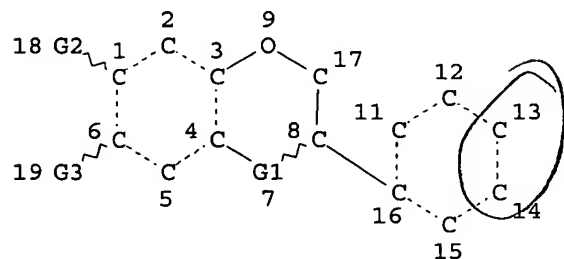
GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RSPEC I

NUMBER OF NODES IS 21

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L12 STR



C @22

C~O  
@23 24

$R_1$  &  $R_2$  are both  
H - lines 7-8 of  
claim 1.

VAR G1=22-4 22-8/23-4 23-8

VAR G2=H/OH/MEO

VAR G3=H/OH/MEO

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 2

CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 5  
 CONNECT IS E3 RC AT 8  
 CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 11  
 CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 13  
 CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 14  
 CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 15  
 CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 17  
 CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 22  
 CONNECT IS E3 RC AT 23  
 DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM  
 DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:  
 RSPEC I  
 NUMBER OF NODES IS 21

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L13 ( 91) SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L9 SSS FUL L10 NOT (L11 OR L12)  
 L14 ( 1) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON 531-95-3  
 L15 90 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L13 NOT L14  
 L35 16 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L15 (L) THU/RL  
 L36 26 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L15 (L) BAC/RL  
 L37 57 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L15 (L) SPN/RL  
 L38 83 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L35 OR L36 OR L37  
 L39 59 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L38 NOT PY>=1999

=> D IBIB ABS HITSTR 139 1-59

L39 ANSWER 1 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:30509 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:234644  
 TITLE: Antioxidants from Lespedeza homoloba  
 AUTHOR(S): Miyase, T.; Sano, M.; Nakai, H.; Muraoka, M.; Yoshino, K.; Nishihara, Y.; Tanai, J.  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: School of Pharmaceutical Sciences, University of Shizuoka, Shizuoka, 422-8002, Japan  
 SOURCE: International Congress Series (1998), 1157 (Towards Natural Medicine Research in the 21st Century), 285-293  
 CODEN: EXMDA4; ISSN: 0531-5131  
 PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science B.V.  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English

AB Eight new and 3 previously isolated isoflavanoids were obtained from the methanolic exts. of the stems of Lespedeza homoloba and their structures confirmed via NMR data. These isoflavanoids were tested for their antioxidative activity against lipid peroxidn. in rat brain homogenate and detd. that those compds. with the strongest activity were complexes composed of 2-arylbenzofuran and pterocarp-6a-en. Iron-chelating and superoxide anion radical scavenging activities of these isoflavanoids were measured.

IT 81267-65-4P, Haginin E  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BOC (Biological occurrence); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PUR (Purification or recovery); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence); PREP (Preparation)

(isolation of lespezol isoflavanoid antioxidants from Lespedeza homoloba)

RN 81267-65-4 HCAPLUS

*search answer set L9 for refined structure L10 but not special cases L11 or L12.*

*This answer set gave 384 hits when crossed to HCAPLUS*

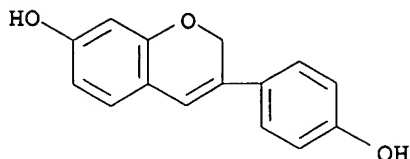
*Removing this one registry # reduced the hits to 165*

*Search HCAPLUS for most relevant hits using hits from Registry - THU/RL: Therapeutic use  
 BAC/RL: Biological activity  
 SPN/RL: Synthetic preparation*

*narrow further by date to get a reasonable # to print out.*



CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-7-ol, 3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 9 THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L39 ANSWER 2 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:554767 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:269970

TITLE: Antioxidant activities of isoflavones and their biological metabolites in a liposomal system

AUTHOR(S): Arora, Arti; Nair, Muraleedharan G.; Strasburg, Gale M.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Food Science and Human Nutrition, Michigan State University, East Lansing, MI, 48824, USA

SOURCE: Archives of Biochemistry and Biophysics (1998), 356(2), 133-141

CODEN: ABBIA4; ISSN: 0003-9861

PUBLISHER: Academic Press

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB Genistein and daidzein, the two major soy isoflavones, principally occur in nature as their glycosylated or methoxylated derivs., which are cleaved in the large intestine to yield the free aglycons and further metabolites. The objective of this study was to compare the antioxidant activities of genistein and daidzein with their glycosylated and methoxylated derivs. and also those of their human metabolites. The abilities of these compds. to inhibit lipid peroxidn. in a liposomal system were evaluated using fluorescence spectroscopy, and structural criteria that enhance antioxidant activity were established. The peroxidn. initiators employed in the study were Fe(II) and Fe(III) metal ions and aq.-phase, azo-derived peroxy radicals. Both the parent isoflavonoids and their metabolites were more effective at suppressing metal-ion-induced peroxidns. than the peroxy-radical-induced peroxidn. Antioxidant activities for the isoflavone metabolites were comparable to or superior to those for the parent compds. Equol and its 4-hydroxy and 5-hydroxy derivs. were the most potent antioxidants in the study, suggesting that absence of the 2,3-double bond and the 4-oxo group on the isoflavone nucleus enhances antioxidant activity. Addnl., the no. and position of hydroxyl groups were detg. factors for isoflavonoid antioxidant activity, with hydroxyl substitution being of utmost importance at the C-4' position, of moderate importance at the C-5 position, and of little significance at the C-7 position. (c) 1998 Academic Press.

IT 17238-05-0 175089-66-4

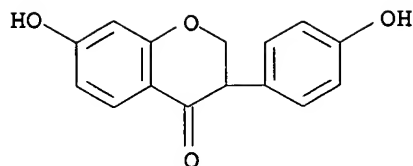
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU

(Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

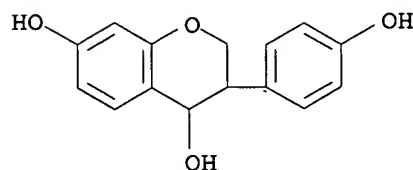
(antioxidant activities of isoflavones and their biol. metabolites in a liposomal system)

RN 17238-05-0 HCAPLUS

CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, 2,3-dihydro-7-hydroxy-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 175089-66-4 HCAPLUS  
 CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-4,7-diol, 3,4-dihydro-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA  
 INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 35 THERE ARE 35 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS  
 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L39 ANSWER 3 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:543963 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:275727

TITLE: The direct synthesis of isoflavans via  
 .alpha.-alkylation of phenylacetates

AUTHOR(S): Versteeg, Mariejje; Bezuidenhoudt, Barend C. B.;  
 Ferreira, Daneel

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Univ. Orange Free State, Bloemfontein,  
 9300, S. Afr.

SOURCE: Heterocycles (1998), 48(7), 1373-1394

CODEN: HTCYAM; ISSN: 0385-5414

PUBLISHER: Japan Institute of Heterocyclic Chemistry

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 129:275727

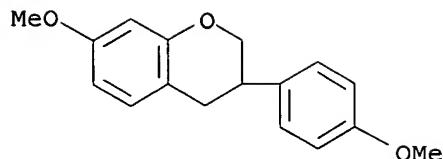
AB Deprotonation of oxygenated phenylacetates and quenching of the enolates  
 with oxygenated benzylic electrophiles, afforded 2,3-diarylpropanoates  
 which served as precursors to the isoflavans following consecutive redn.  
 and cyclization steps. E.g., PhCH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>Me was alkylated with  
 2-(methoxymethoxy)benzyl bromide using BuLi and N-  
 (isopropyl)cyclohexylamine in THF to form 2-(MeOCH<sub>2</sub>)C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH(CO<sub>2</sub>Me)Ph,  
 which subsequently underwent carboxylate redn. with LiAlH<sub>4</sub> in Et<sub>2</sub>O, O  
 deprotection with HCl, and cyclization with PPh<sub>3</sub>/DEAD in THF to give  
 isoflavan with 87% yield for the cyclization step. When the cyclization  
 step was carried out using PTSA in benzene, isoflavan was formed in 28%  
 yield along with an equal yield of 2-benzyl-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran.

IT 4366-35-2P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (synthesis of isoflavans via .alpha.-alkylation of phenylacetates)

RN 4366-35-2 HCAPLUS

CN 2H-1-Benzopyran, 3,4-dihydro-7-methoxy-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA  
 INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 19 THERE ARE 19 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L39 ANSWER 4 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:256815 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:54205

TITLE: Diastereoselectivity of various routes to isoflavan-4-ols (3-phenyl-4-chromanols)

AUTHOR(S): Chidiak, Henry; Kirkiacharyan, S.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Lab. Chim. Ther. Fac. Pharm., Univ. Paris, Paris, Fr.

SOURCE: Khimicheskii Zhurnal Armenii (1996), 49(1-3), 94-104

CODEN: KZARF3

PUBLISHER: Izdatel'stvo Gitutyun NAN Respubliki Armenii

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB The redn. of isoflavan-4-ones (3-phenyl-4-chromanones) by nucleophilic hydrides (sodium borohydride, lithium aluminum tri-tert-butoxyhydride, lithium tri-sec-butylborohydride) leads to mixts. of cis and trans diastereoisomers of isoflavan-4-ols. Redn. by electrophilic hydrides (borane-THF, bis-tert-butylthioethane diborane, or 9-borabicyclo[3.3.1]nonane) is stereoselective and forms cis diastereoisomers in excellent yields. Hydroboration, followed by alk. hydroperoxide oxidn., of 3-phenyl-4-hydroxycoumarins is a stereoselective route to trans diastereoisomers of isoflavan-4-ols.

IT 6228-91-7P 20986-82-7P 208708-06-9P

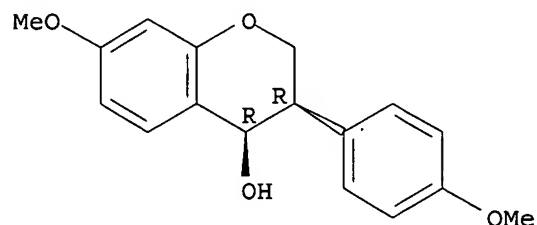
208708-07-0P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(diastereoselectivity of various routes to isoflavan-4-ols)

RN 6228-91-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-4-ol, 3,4-dihydro-7-methoxy-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-,  
(3R,4R)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

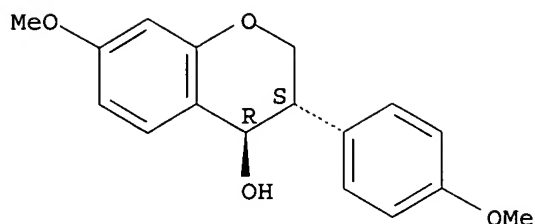
Relative stereochemistry.



RN 20986-82-7 HCAPLUS

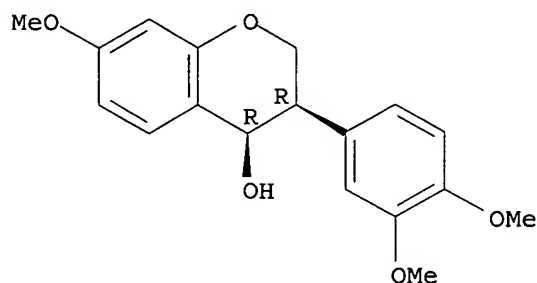
CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-4-ol, 3,4-dihydro-7-methoxy-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-,  
(3R,4S)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



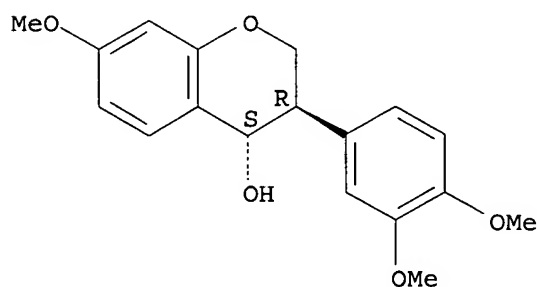
RN 208708-06-9 HCAPLUS  
 CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-4-ol, 3-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-3,4-dihydro-7-methoxy-,  
 (3R,4R)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



RN 208708-07-0 HCAPLUS  
 CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-4-ol, 3-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-3,4-dihydro-7-methoxy-,  
 (3R,4S)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



L39 ANSWER 5 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:130933 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:204711  
 TITLE: Synthesis of novel mammalian metabolites of the  
 isoflavonoid phytoestrogens daidzein and genistein  
 AUTHOR(S): Wahala, Kristiina; Salakka, Auli; Adlercreutz, Herman  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry, Organic Chemistry Laboratory,  
 University of Helsinki, FIN-00014, Finland  
 SOURCE: Proceedings of the Society for Experimental Biology  
 and Medicine (1998), 217(3), 293-299  
 CODEN: PSEBAA; ISSN: 0037-9727  
 PUBLISHER: Blackwell Science, Inc.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English

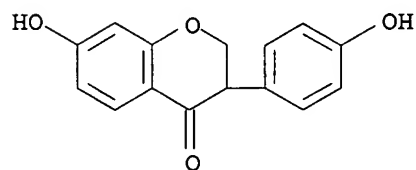
AB The synthesis of novel mammalian metabolites of dietary isoflavones, dihydrodaidzein (4',7-dihydroxyisoflavanone), dihydrogenistein (4',5,7-trihydroxy-isoflavanone), 6'-hydroxy-O-demethylangolensin [1-(2,4,6-trihydroxyphenyl)-2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)propan-1-one], and cis- and trans-4',7-dihydroxylsoflavan-4-ols is described, and their characteristics by phys. and chem. consts. given for the first time.

IT 17238-05-0P 168207-15-6P 168207-16-7P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(synthesis of novel mammalian metabolites of isoflavonoid phytoestrogens daidzein and genistein)

RN 17238-05-0 HCAPLUS

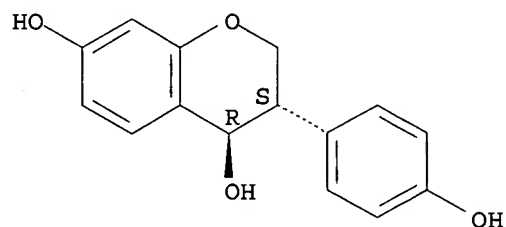
CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, 2,3-dihydro-7-hydroxy-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)



RN 168207-15-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-4,7-diol, 3,4-dihydro-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-, (3R,4S)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

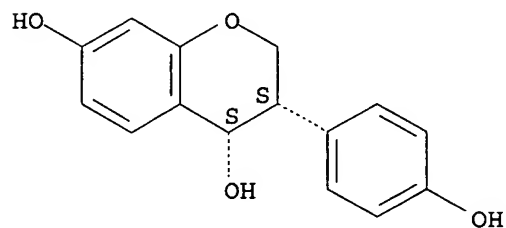
Relative stereochemistry.



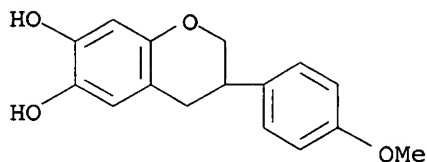
RN 168207-16-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-4,7-diol, 3,4-dihydro-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-, (3R,4R)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:20731 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:164027  
TITLE: Isoflavonoids as inhibitors of lipid peroxidation and quenchers of singlet oxygen  
AUTHOR(S): Briviba, Karlis; Sies, Helmut; Sepulveda-Boza, Silvia; Zilliken, Friedrich W.  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Heinrich Heine University, Dusseldorf, Germany  
SOURCE: Antioxidants in Health and Disease (1998), 7(Flavonoids in Health and Disease), 295-302  
CODEN: AHDIEQ  
PUBLISHER: Marcel Dekker, Inc.  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English  
AB This report examines the inhibition of microsomal lipid peroxidn. and the ability of singlet oxygen quenching of some new isoflavones and isoflavans and compares the antioxidant properties of these isoflavonoids with established antioxidants.  
IT 76397-87-0  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (isoflavonoids as inhibitors of lipid peroxidn. and quenchers of singlet oxygen)  
RN 76397-87-0 HCAPLUS  
CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-6,7-diol, 3,4-dihydro-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L39 ANSWER 7 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:13303 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:114255  
TITLE: Identification of isoflavonoids in beer  
AUTHOR(S): Lapcik, Oldrich; Hill, Martin; Hampl, Richard; Wahala, Kristiina; Adlercreutz, Herman  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Institute of Endocrinology, Prague, 116 94/1, Czech Rep.  
SOURCE: Steroids (1998), 63(1), 14-20  
CODEN: STEDAM; ISSN: 0039-128X  
PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science Inc.  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English  
AB The isoflavonoids, genistein (4',5,7-trihydroxyisoflavone), biochanin A (5,7-dihydroxy-4'-methoxyisoflavone), daidzein (4',7-dihydroxyisoflavone), and formononetin (7-hydroxy-4'-methoxyisoflavone) are supposed to be health-promoting dietary factors of plant origin. They are particularly abundant in seeds and other parts of many plant species belonging to Leguminosae. The most popular source of isoflavonoids in human diet is soy. Here, evidence is presented that isoflavonoids are regularly found in beer. Di-Et ether exts. of beer were fractionated on thin-layer chromatog.-silica, (straight phase) and rechromatographed using a reversed phase high-performance liq. chromatog. octadecylsilica column. The fractions were analyzed by two recently developed RIAs, the first of them

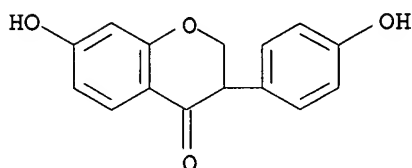
being specific for daidzein/formononetin and the second one specific for genistein/biochanin A. The immunoreactivity was found only in fractions with the mobility corresponding to the positions of stds. on control chromatograms. Addnl., 26 samples of bottled beer were analyzed for isoflavonoid content using the combination of reversed phase high-performance liq. chromatog. and RIA. The sum of the four isoflavonoids ranged from 1.26 to 29 nmol/L in individual beers. Formononetin was the major isoflavonoid (0.19-14.99 nmol/L), whereas the concn. of daidzein was several times lower (0.08-2.5 nmol/L). Genistein and biochanin A concns. were comparable, ranging from 0.169-6.74 nmol/L and from 0.820-4.84 nmol/L for genistein and biochanin A, resp. It is concluded that beer contains significant amts. of biol. active isoflavonoid phytoestrogens.

IT 17238-05-0

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BOC (Biological occurrence); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence)  
(identification of isoflavonoids in beer)

RN 17238-05-0 HCAPLUS

CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, 2,3-dihydro-7-hydroxy-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl) - (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)



L39 ANSWER 8 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:658532 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127:307275

TITLE: The Synthesis, Structure and Anticancer Activity of cis- and trans-4',7-Dihydroxyisoflavan-4-ols

AUTHOR(S): Waehaelae, Kristiina; Koskimies, Jorma K.; Mesilaakso, Markku; Salakka, Auli K.; Leino, Tero K.; Adlercreutz, Herman

CORPORATE SOURCE: Organic Chemistry Laboratory, University of Helsinki, Helsinki, FIN-00014, Finland

SOURCE: Journal of Organic Chemistry (1997), 62(22), 7690-7693  
CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB Cis-4',7-Dihydroxyisoflavan-4-ol (4) and trans-4',7-dihydroxyisoflavan-4-ol (5), two proposed metabolites of daidzein (4',7-dihydroxyisoflavone), have been synthesized and fully characterized for the first time. The vicinal coupling consts. of the pyran ring protons are compatible with a half-chair conformation. The cis isomer is anancomeric while the trans isomer consists of a 68:32 mixt. of two ring inversion conformers. Mol. mech. calcns. are in agreement with the half-chair conformation of the pyran ring and suggest that the cis isomer is biased because of an unfavorable gauche interaction of the equatorial hydroxyl and the axial Ph group. The isoflavanols 4 and 5 are comparable to genistein (4',5,7-trihydroxyisoflavone) in antitumor activity against human prostate cancer cells.

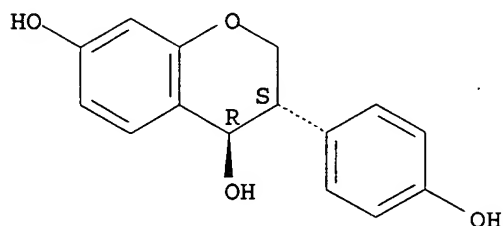
IT 168207-15-6P 168207-16-7P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation) (prepn., conformation, and anticancer activity of dihydroxyisoflavanols)

RN 168207-15-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-4,7-diol, 3,4-dihydro-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-, (3R,4S)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

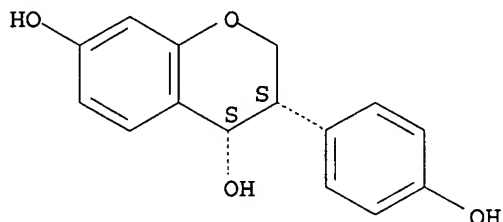
Relative stereochemistry.



RN 168207-16-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-4,7-diol, 3,4-dihydro-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-, (3R,4R)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

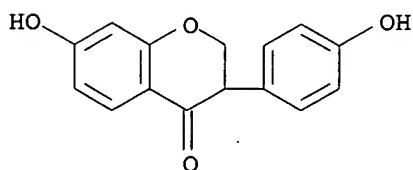


IT 17238-05-0P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (prepn., conformation, and anticancer activity of dihydroxyisoflavanols)

RN 17238-05-0 HCAPLUS

CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, 2,3-dihydro-7-hydroxy-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L39 ANSWER 9 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:198614 HCAPLUS

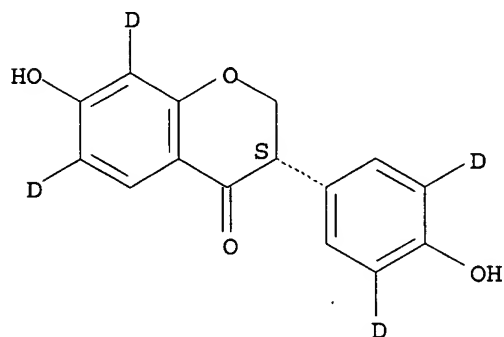
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:211966

TITLE: Deuteration of isoflavonoids



AUTHOR(S): Wahala, Kristiina  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Org. Chem. Lab., Univ. Helsinki, FIN-00014, Finland  
SOURCE: Polyphenols Actualites (1997), 16, 5-8  
CODEN: POACF4; ISSN: 0987-7819  
PUBLISHER: Groupe Polyphenols  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English  
AB Methods are described for the synthesis of deuterium-labeled biol. active isoflavonoids present in human diet and fluids. These compds. receive increasing attention due to their anticancer properties. The hydrogen-deuterium exchange at arom. rings was carried out with PBr3 or NaOD in deuterium oxide or labeled trifluoroacetic acid. The isotopic purity and position of deuterium labels are discussed.  
IT 187960-07-2P  
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(deuteration of isoflavonoids)  
RN 187960-07-2 HCAPLUS  
CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one-6,8-d2, 2,3-dihydro-7-hydroxy-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl-3,5-d2)-, (S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

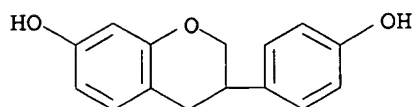


L39 ANSWER 10 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:117690 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:260636  
TITLE: Metabolites of daidzein and genistein and their biological activities  
AUTHOR(S): Chang, Yu-Chen; Nair, Muraleedharan G.; Nitiss, John L.  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Bioactive Natural Product Lab., Michigan State Univ., East Lansing, MI, 48824, USA  
SOURCE: Journal of Natural Products (1995), 58(12), 1901-5  
CODEN: JNPRDF; ISSN: 0163-3864  
PUBLISHER: American Society of Pharmacognosy  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English  
AB A no. of metabolites of daidzein and genistein have been synthesized and their biol. activities detd. Equol, 5,7,4'-trihydroxyisoflavan, 4,7,4'-trihydroxyisoflavan, dihydrodaidzein, and dihydrogenistein were synthesized either from daidzein or genistein by hydrogenation. During acetylation and nmr expts., dihydrogenistein was converted to a novel enol intermediate. Antifungal, antibacterial, mosquitocidal, nematocidal, and topoisomerase inhibition activities of these compds. were evaluated, with equol being the most active of the compds. tested against topoisomerase I.  
IT 94105-90-5P 175089-66-4P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(prepn. and biol. activities of metabolites of daidzein and genistein)

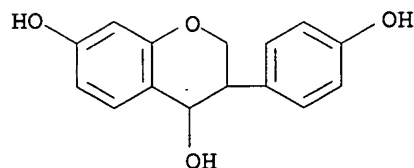
RN 94105-90-5 HCAPLUS

CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-7-ol, 3,4-dihydro-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 175089-66-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-4,7-diol, 3,4-dihydro-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

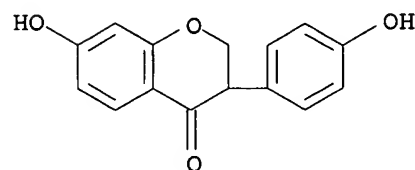


IT 17238-05-0P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)  
(prepn. and biol. activities of metabolites of daidzein and genistein)

RN 17238-05-0 HCAPLUS

CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, 2,3-dihydro-7-hydroxy-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

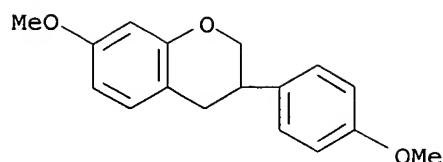


IT 4366-35-2P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(prepn. and biol. activities of metabolites of daidzein and genistein)

RN 4366-35-2 HCAPLUS

CN 2H-1-Benzopyran, 3,4-dihydro-7-methoxy-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L39 ANSWER 11 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:787564 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:226958

TITLE: A urinary profile study of dietary phytoestrogens. The identification and mode of metabolism of new isoflavonoids

AUTHOR(S): Joannou, G. E.; Kelly, G. E.; Reeder, A. Y.; Waring, M.; Nelson, C.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Metabolic Mass Spectrometry, Royal Prince Alfred Hospital, Sydney, 2050, Australia

SOURCE: Journal of Steroid Biochemistry and Molecular Biology (1995), 54 (3/4), 167-84

CODEN: JSBBEZ; ISSN: 0960-0760

PUBLISHER: Elsevier

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

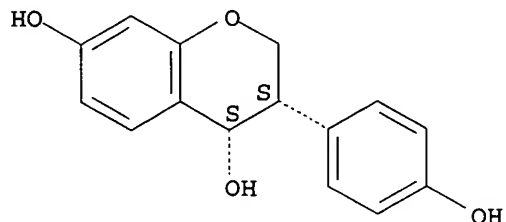
AB The metabolic fate of the dietary isoflavones daidzein and genistein was investigated in human volunteers challenged with soya. Urinary diphenols, isolated by partition chromatog. on Sephadex LH-20, were characterized and identified by profile capillary gas chromatog. (GC) and electron ionization mass spectrometry (GC-EIMS) anal. of the trimethylsilyl ether (TMS) derivs. Novel isoflavonic phytoestrogens found in the urine of volunteers were those of tetrahydrodaidzein, dihydrogenistein, 6'-hydroxy-O-demethylangolensin and 2-dehydro-O-demethylangolensin. Other known diphenols identified were those of equol, dihydrodaidzein, O-demethylangolensin, daidzein, genistein, glycitein, and the lignan enterolactone. Two other urinary isomers with a fragmentation pattern closely resembling that of the persilylated TMS ethers of cis/trans-isomers of tetrahydrodaidzein, were characterized based on the elucidation of fragments assocd. with the loss of a nonphenolic-OTMS functional group in ring-C. These are fragments presented in the persilylated mass spectra of isoflavan-4-ols and isoflav-3-ene-4-ols, demonstrated here by a combination of simple and tandem mass spectrometry study of the deuterated persilylated TMS ethers of dihydrodaidzein. In a similar study the authors also present the data on the structural identification and fragment elucidation of the keto/enol tautomers of the TMS ether derivs. of the dihydro derivs. of daidzein and genistein, obsd. in the urine of volunteers and considered probable products of the derivatization process. Finally, the GC and GC-MS data of two unknown isoflavonoids and that of a lignan-like compd. are presented together with those of dihydrodaidzein, dihydrogenistein, tetrahydrodaidzein and 2-dehydro-O-demethylangolensin. The latter four were obtained here as products of small scale chem. synthesis in a preliminary study on the tentative identification of urinary isoflavonoids in human volunteers challenged with soya.

IT 168207-16-7P

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); MFM (Metabolic formation); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative); PREP (Preparation) (mass spectra of synthesized isoflavonoids)

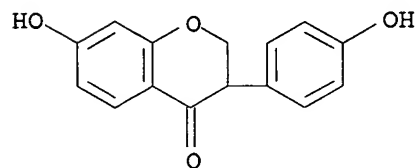
RN 168207-16-7 HCAPLUS  
CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-4,7-diol, 3,4-dihydro-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-, (3R,4R)-rel-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



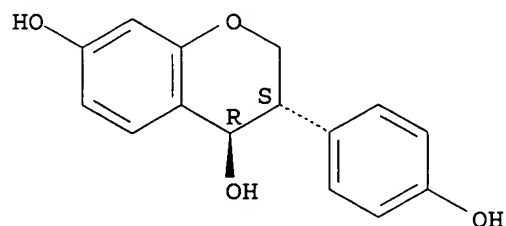
IT 17238-05-0P 168207-15-6P 168207-18-9P  
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); MFM (Metabolic formation); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative); PREP (Preparation)  
(urinary metabolites of dietary soya isoflavones and mass spectra of synthesized compds.)

RN 17238-05-0 HCAPLUS  
CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, 2,3-dihydro-7-hydroxy-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

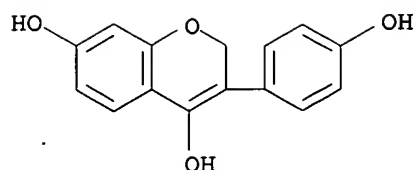


RN 168207-15-6 HCAPLUS  
CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-4,7-diol, 3,4-dihydro-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-, (3R,4S)-rel-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

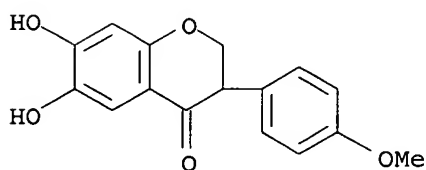
Relative stereochemistry.



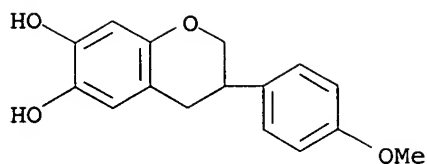
RN 168207-18-9 HCAPLUS  
CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-4,7-diol, 3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



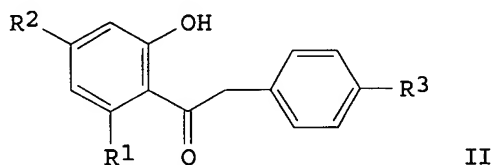
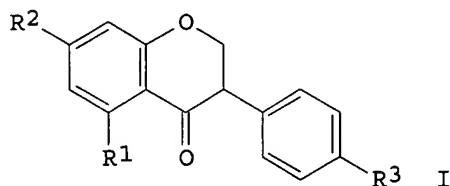
L39 ANSWER 12 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:359059 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 122:156104  
TITLE: Structure-activity relationships among isoflavonoids  
with regard to their antifungal properties  
AUTHOR(S): Weidenboerner, Martin; Jha, Hem Chandra  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Institut fur Lebensmitteltechnologie, Universitat  
Bonn, Bonn, 53117, Germany  
SOURCE: Mycological Research (1994), 98(12), 1376-8  
CODEN: MYCRER; ISSN: 0953-7562  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English  
AB In order to establish a structure-activity relationship in the class of  
isoflavonoids, 16 differently substituted isoflavonoids were tested  
against *Alternaria alternata*, *Cladosporium herbarum*, *Fusarium oxysporum*  
and *Trichoderma harzianum*. The isoflavanones, 6,7-dihydroxy-4'-methoxy-  
and 7-hydroxy-8,4'-dimethylisoflavanone, showed highest antifungal  
activity in the case of *C. herbarum* as test fungus. The unreduced  
structure of the isoflavones has less inhibitory effect on the growth of  
the test fungi, whereas the completely reduced isoflavones, i.e., the  
isoflavans, showed only a very weak activity.  
IT 76397-85-8 76397-87-0  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU  
(Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)  
(structure-activity relationships among isoflavonoids with regard to  
their antifungal properties)  
RN 76397-85-8 HCAPLUS  
CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, 2,3-dihydro-6,7-dihydroxy-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



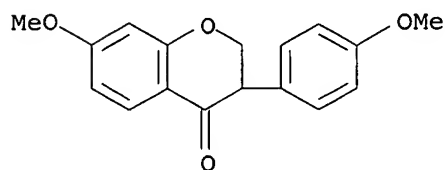
RN 76397-87-0 HCAPLUS  
CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-6,7-diol, 3,4-dihydro-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA  
INDEX NAME)



L39 ANSWER 13 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:482765 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 121:82765  
 TITLE: A new facile synthesis of isoflavanones  
 AUTHOR(S): Bhaskar, T.; Ravichandran, R.  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Org. Chem., Univ. Madras, Madras, 600 025, India  
 SOURCE: Chemical & Environmental Research (1992), 1(2), 107-8  
 CODEN: CEREEH; ISSN: 0971-2151  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 121:82765  
 GI

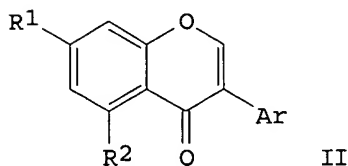
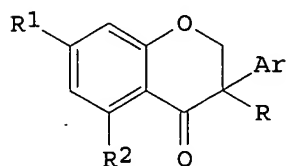


AB Isoflavanones I (R1 = R3 = H, R2 = OMe; R1 = R2 = OMe, R3 = H; R1 = H, R2 = R3 = OMe; R1 = R2 = R3 = OMe) were prepd. by reacting malononitrile with 2-hydroxydesoxybenzoins II.  
 IT 15236-11-0P  
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (prepn. of)  
 RN 15236-11-0 HCAPLUS  
 CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, 2,3-dihydro-7-methoxy-3-(4-methoxyphenyl) - (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)



L39 ANSWER 14 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:217185 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 120:217185  
 TITLE: Organolead-mediated arylation of allyl

.beta.-ketoesters: a selective synthesis of  
isoflavanones and isoflavones  
AUTHOR(S): Donnelly, Dervilla M. X.; Finet, Jean Pierre;  
Rattigan, Bernard A.  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Univ. Coll. Dublin, Dublin, Ire.  
SOURCE: Journal of the Chemical Society, Perkin Transactions  
1: Organic and Bio-Organic Chemistry (1972-1999)  
(1993), (15), 1729-35  
CODEN: JCPRB4; ISSN: 0300-922X  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English  
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 120:217185  
GI



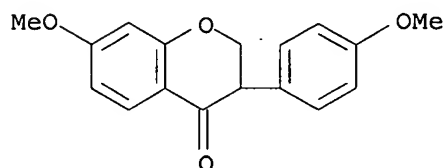
AB Arylation of A-ring substituted and unsubstituted 3-allyloxycarbonylchroman-4-ones I (Ar = H, R = CO<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH:CH<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>1</sub> = R<sub>2</sub> = H, OMe; Ar = H, R = CO<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH:CH<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>1</sub> = OMe, R<sub>2</sub> = H) with aryllead (IV) triacetates followed by selective catalytic deallyloxycarbonylation affords isoflavanones I [Ar = Ph, 4-MeC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, 4-MeOC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, 2,4-(MeO)<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>, 2,4,6-(MeO)<sub>3</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>2</sub>, R = H] or isoflavones II in high overall yields. The highest yield in the arylation step was obsd. in the reaction of 5,7-dimethoxychroman-4-one with the more hindered 2,4,6-trimethoxyphenyllead triacetate.

IT 15236-11-0P, 7,4'-Dimethoxyisoflavanone

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(prepn. of)

RN 15236-11-0 HCAPLUS

CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, 2,3-dihydro-7-methoxy-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)



L39 ANSWER 15 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:124232 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 118:124232

TITLE: Synthesis and antioxidant activity of isoflavones and isoflavanones

AUTHOR(S): Bulut, Mustafa

CORPORATE SOURCE: Fac. Nat. Sci. Lit., Univ. Marmara, Kadikoy, Turk.

SOURCE: Chimica Acta Turcica (1992), 19(2), 121-8

CODEN: CATUA9; ISSN: 0379-5896

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: German

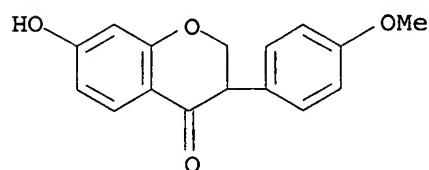
AB Fifteen hydroxyisoflavones were prep'd. and reduced to the hydroxyisoflavanones. Polyhydroxylated isoflavones, particularly 5,7,3',4'-tetrahydroxy- and 6,7-dihydroxyisoflavone, had antioxidant activity, but natural 5,7-dihydroxyisoflavones are not particularly good antioxidants. The isoflavanones were more active than the isoflavones, particularly the 6-hydroxy derivs.

IT 4626-22-6P 17238-05-0P 121927-95-5P

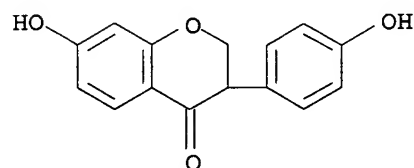
129159-06-4P 146307-84-8P 146307-85-9P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(prepn. and antioxidant activity of)

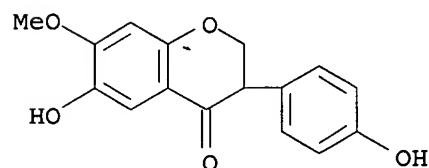
RN 4626-22-6 HCAPLUS

CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, 2,3-dihydro-7-hydroxy-3-(4-methoxyphenyl) - (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

RN 17238-05-0 HCAPLUS

CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, 2,3-dihydro-7-hydroxy-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl) - (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

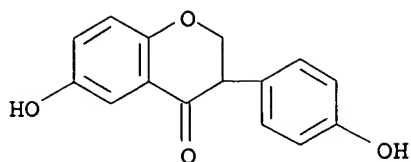
RN 121927-95-5 HCAPLUS

CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, 2,3-dihydro-6-hydroxy-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-7-methoxy-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

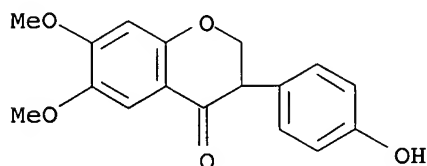
RN 129159-06-4 HCAPLUS

CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, 2,3-dihydro-6-hydroxy-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl) - (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

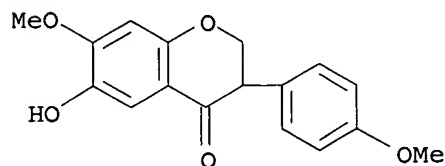




RN 146307-84-8 HCAPLUS  
 CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, 2,3-dihydro-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-6,7-dimethoxy-  
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

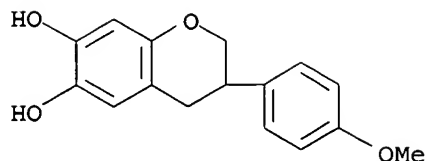


RN 146307-85-9 HCAPLUS  
 CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, 2,3-dihydro-6-hydroxy-7-methoxy-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-  
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

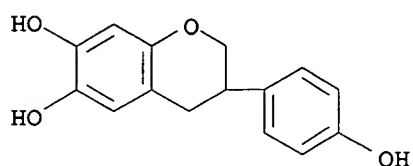


L39 ANSWER 16 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:101686 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 118:101686  
 TITLE: Novel synthesis of isoflavenes and study of the  
 pharmacological properties of their derivatives  
 AUTHOR(S): Bulut, Mustafa  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Natur. Literat. Sci. Fac., Univ. Marmara, Istanbul,  
 Turk.  
 SOURCE: Chimica Acta Turcica (1992), Volume Date 1991, 19(1),  
 17-26  
 CODEN: CATUA9; ISSN: 0379-5896  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: German  
 AB Dihydroxydeoxybenzoins, chromones, 3-phenylcoumarins, 3-phenylchromones,  
 and isoflavans were tested for antioxidant activity in vitamin E-free  
 lard. o-Dihydroxy substitution in the arom. ring of the benzopyran moiety  
 led to high antioxidant activity. Some of the compds. were prepd. Thus,  
 3-phenylchromones were obtained by NaBH4-H3BO3 redn. of isoflavones and by  
 Dibal redn. of 3-phenylcoumarins.  
 IT 76397-87-0P 94105-89-2P  
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (prepn. and antioxidant activity of)  
 RN 76397-87-0 HCAPLUS  
 CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-6,7-diol, 3,4-dihydro-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA

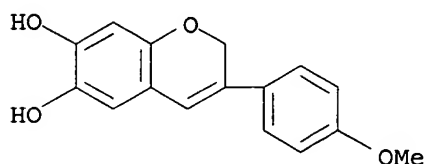
INDEX NAME)



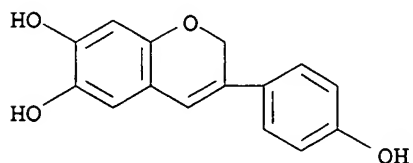
RN 94105-89-2 HCAPLUS  
 CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-6,7-diol, 3,4-dihydro-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 145917-92-6P 145917-93-7P  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (prepn., redn., and antioxidant activity of)  
 RN 145917-92-6 HCAPLUS  
 CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-6,7-diol, 3-(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 145917-93-7 HCAPLUS  
 CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-6,7-diol, 3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L39 ANSWER 17 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:423348 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 117:23348  
 TITLE: Biosynthesis of the A/B/C/D-ring system of the rotenoid amorphigenin by *Amorpha fruticosa* seedlings  
 AUTHOR(S): Bhandari, Prabha; Crombie, Leslie; Daniels, Peter; Holden, Ian; Van Bruggen, Nicholas; Whiting, Donald A.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Univ. Nottingham, Nottingham, NG7 2RD, UK  
SOURCE: Journal of the Chemical Society, Perkin Transactions  
1: Organic and Bio-Organic Chemistry (1972-1999)  
(1992), (7), 839-49  
CODEN: JCPRB4; ISSN: 0300-922X

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English

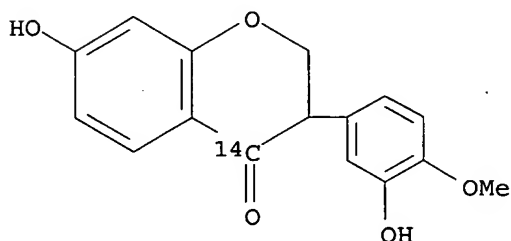
AB With phenylalanine as a the starting point, the biosynthesis of the characteristic rotenoid A/B/C/D-ring system of amorphigenin is studied using *A. fruticosa* seedlings. The course of the biosynthesis can be divided into four phases represented by the bordered and interconnecting schemes which summarize the chalcone-flavanone phase, the flavanone-isoflavone phase, the hydroxylation/methoxylation phase and the rotenoid phase. By using an INADEQUATE NMR expt. involving the administration of [1,2-<sup>13</sup>C]acetate, the type of folding forming ring-D is demonstrated by <sup>13</sup>C-<sup>13</sup>C coupling and is interpreted as involving a polyketide contg. a glutaconate segment which cyclises by a Claisen condensation. The resulting chalcone is cyclized, enzymically and stereospecifically, to 4',7-dihydroxyflavanone. The latter flavanone undergoes aryl migration, in a manner similar to that found in isoflavone biosynthesis, to give 7-hydroxy-4'-methoxyisoflavone. Possible mechanisms for the flavanone-isoflavone rearrangement are discussed, including a proposal that the initiating step involves attack on ring-A and is similar to the first stage of the arom. hydroxylation of tyrosine to dopa. Although possessing no 4'-hydroxy group in ring-A, the mechanism is also applicable to the recently discovered rotenoids of the *Boerhaavia* and *Iris* type, and it provides an explanation for the biogenesis of natural spirobenzocyclobutanes from dihydroeucuminoids. Six suitably substituted isoflavonoids labeled with <sup>13</sup>C or <sup>3</sup>H are synthesized and are used to show that the next hydroxylation (and probably methylation) involves C-3' rather than C-2' in 7-hydroxy-4'-methoxyisoflavone. While the methylations involve S-adenosylmethionine, the hydroxylating enzymes are probably very similar to the flavanone-isoflavone-rearranging enzyme. The closure of ring-B to form finally the rotenoid system probably involves conjugate addn. of the methoxyl radical. Prenylation and oxidative modifications are characteristically late-stage processes.

IT 142050-43-9P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(prepn. of)

RN 142050-43-9 HCAPLUS

CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one-4-<sup>14</sup>C, 2,3-dihydro-7-hydroxy-3-(3-hydroxy-4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



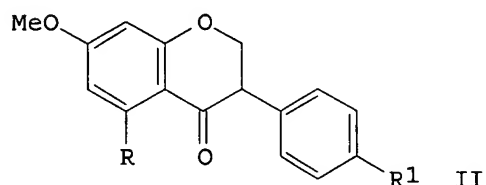
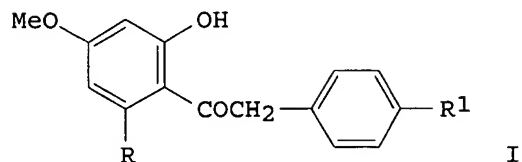
L39 ANSWER 18 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:193973 HCAPLUS

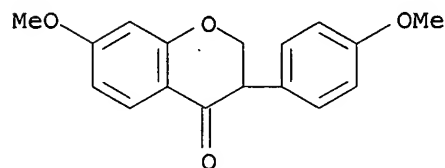
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 116:193973

TITLE: A one-step synthesis of isoflavanones

AUTHOR(S): Hariramakrishnan, K.; Gandhidasan, R.; Raman, P. V.  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Sch. Chem., Madurai Kamaraj Univ., Madurai, 625 021, India  
 SOURCE: Indian Journal of Heterocyclic Chemistry (1991), 1(3), 98  
 CODEN: IJCHEI; ISSN: 0971-1627  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 116:193973  
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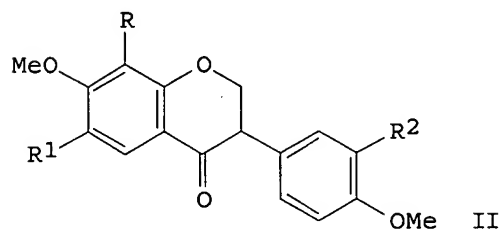
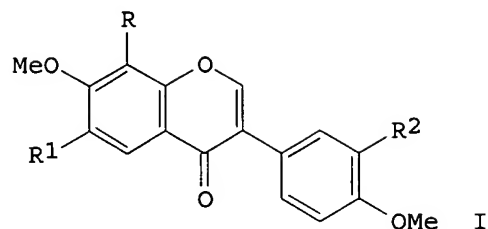


AB A simple one step reaction of 2-hydroxydesoxybenzoin I (R, R1 = H, MeO) with (MeO)2CH2 gave isoflavanones II.  
 IT **15236-11-0P**  
 RL: **SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)**  
 (prepn. of)  
 RN 15236-11-0 HCAPLUS  
 CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, 2,3-dihydro-7-methoxy-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)



L39 ANSWER 19 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:163807 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 114:163807  
 TITLE: Synthesis of isoflavanones from isoflavones by reduction with sodium hydrogen telluride  
 AUTHOR(S): Jain, A. C.; Kumar, Ashok; Sharma, Nawal Kishor  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Univ. Delhi, Delhi, 110 007, India  
 SOURCE: Indian Journal of Chemistry, Section B: Organic Chemistry Including Medicinal Chemistry (1991), 30B(2), 290-1  
 CODEN: IJSBDB; ISSN: 0376-4699  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English  
GI



AB Redn. of isoflavones I (R = H, OMe, R1 = R2 = H; R = H, R1 = R2 = OMe) with NaHTe gave 61-70.7% isoflavanones II.

IT 67492-32-4P 132974-75-5P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(prepn. of, by redn. of isoflavone with sodium hydrogen telluride)

RN 67492-32-4 HCAPLUS

RN 132974-75-5 HCAPLUS

L39 ANSWER 20 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1990:494654 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 113:94654

TITLE: Antifungal activity of isoflavonoids in different reduced stages on Rhizoctonia solani and Sclerotium rolfsii

AUTHOR(S): Weidenboerner, Martin; Hindorf, Holger; Jha, Hem Chandra; Tsotsonos, Prodromos; Egge, Heinz

CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Pflanzenkrankheiten, Univ. Bonn, Bonn, D-5300, Germany

SOURCE: Phytochemistry (1990), 29(3), 801-3  
CODEN: PYTCAS; ISSN: 0031-9422

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

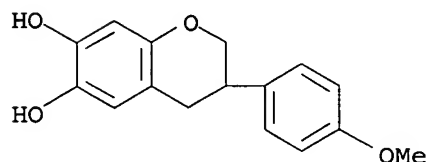
AB Two naturally occurring isoflavones, genistein and iochanin A, and their dihydroderivs. (isoflavanones), as well as 9 perhydrogenated isoflavones (isoflavans), were tested for their effects on mycelial growth of the 2 soil borne fungi Rhizoctonia solani and Sclerotium rolfsii. All the isoflavonoids of the biochanin A series showed high antifungal activity. Genistein isoflavan and the other isoflavans with 2 hydroxyl groups and one methoxy group were fungitoxic, while isoflavan with 2 or 3 methoxy groups were almost inactive.

IT 76397-87-0 94105-91-6 97148-46-4  
97148-47-5 128885-09-6 128885-10-9  
128885-11-0

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU  
(Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)  
(antifungal activity of, structure in relation to)

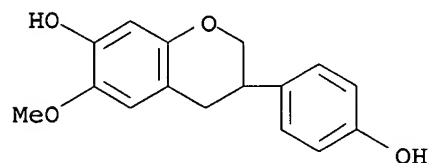
RN 76397-87-0 HCAPLUS

CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-6,7-diol, 3,4-dihydro-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA  
INDEX NAME)



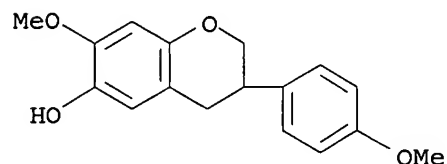
RN 94105-91-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-7-ol, 3,4-dihydro-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-6-methoxy- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)



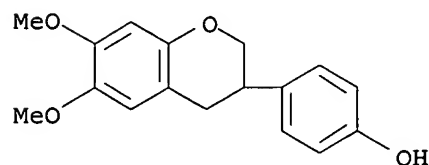
RN 97148-46-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-6-ol, 3,4-dihydro-7-methoxy-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)



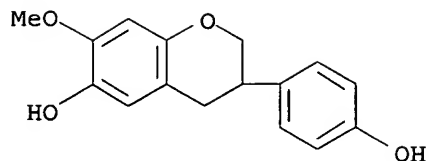
RN 97148-47-5 HCAPLUS

CN Phenol, 4-(3,4-dihydro-6,7-dimethoxy-2H-1-benzopyran-3-yl)- (9CI) (CA  
INDEX NAME)

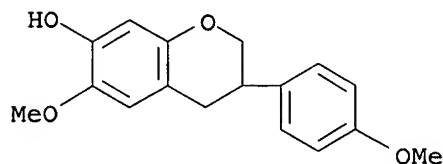


RN 128885-09-6 HCAPLUS

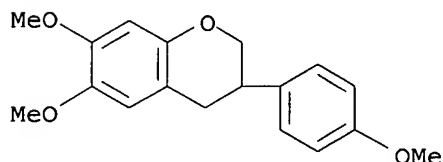
CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-6-ol, 3,4-dihydro-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-7-methoxy- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)



RN 128885-10-9 HCAPLUS  
 CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-7-ol, 3,4-dihydro-6-methoxy-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

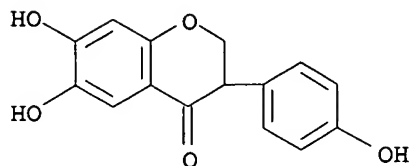


RN 128885-11-0 HCAPLUS  
 CN 2H-1-Benzopyran, 3,4-dihydro-6,7-dimethoxy-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA  
 INDEX NAME)

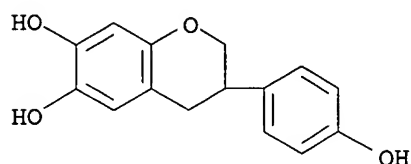


L39 ANSWER 21 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1990:95337 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 112:95337  
 TITLE: Antifungal activity of isoflavonoids against storage  
 fungi of the genus *Aspergillus*  
 AUTHOR(S): Weidenboerner, Martin; Hindorf, Holger; Jha, Hem  
 Chandra; Tsotsonos, Prodromos; Egge, Heinz  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Pflanzenkrankh., Univ. Bonn, Bonn, D-5300/1,  
 Fed. Rep. Ger.  
 SOURCE: Phytochemistry (1989), 28(12), 3317-19  
 CODEN: PYTCAS; ISSN: 0031-9422  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 AB The fungicidal activity of 2 isoflavones, 1 isoflavanone and 7 isoflavans  
 was tested in malt ext. broth against 5 storage fungi of the genus  
*Aspergillus*. While the isoflavones and the isoflavanone show only low  
 activity, the 2 isoflavans 7,8-dihydroxy-4'-methoxyisoflavan and  
 6,7-dihydroxy-3'-methylisoflavan were highly inhibitory to *Aspergillus*.  
 Structure-activity relationships are discussed.  
 IT 94105-87-0 94105-89-2, 6,7,4'-Trihydroxyisoflavan  
 94105-90-5 116718-58-2  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU  
 (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)  
 (antifungal activity of, against *Aspergillus*)  
 RN 94105-87-0 HCAPLUS

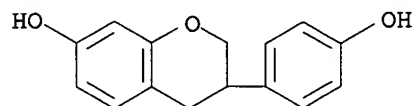
CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, 2,3-dihydro-6,7-dihydroxy-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl) -  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



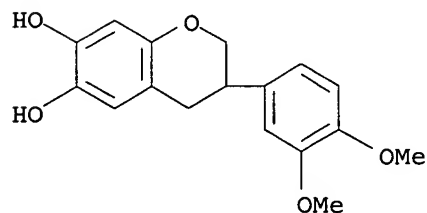
RN 94105-89-2 HCAPLUS  
CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-6,7-diol, 3,4-dihydro-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl) - (9CI) (CA  
INDEX NAME)



RN 94105-90-5 HCAPLUS  
CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-7-ol, 3,4-dihydro-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl) - (9CI) (CA INDEX  
NAME)



RN 116718-58-2 HCAPLUS  
CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-6,7-diol, 3-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-3,4-dihydro- (9CI) (CA  
INDEX NAME)

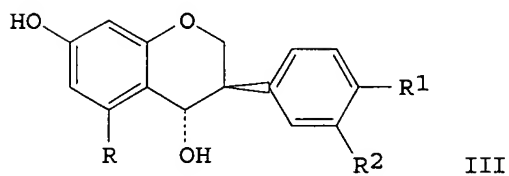
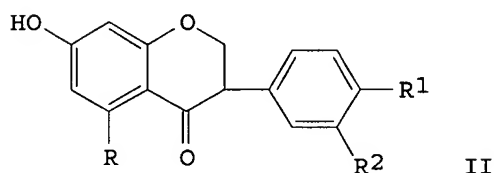
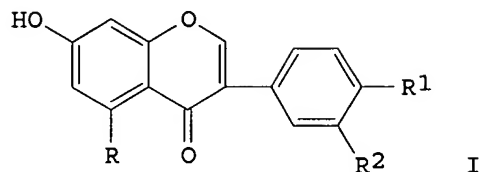


L39 ANSWER 22 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1990:7203 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 112:7203  
TITLE: Hydrogen transfer reduction of isoflavones  
AUTHOR(S): Wahala, K.; Hase, T. A.  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Univ. Helsinki, Helsinki, SF-00100,  
Finland  
SOURCE: Heterocycles (1989), 28(1), 183-6



DOCUMENT TYPE:  
 LANGUAGE:  
 OTHER SOURCE(S):  
 GI

CODEN: HTCYAM; ISSN: 0385-5414  
 Journal  
 English  
 CASREACT 112:7203



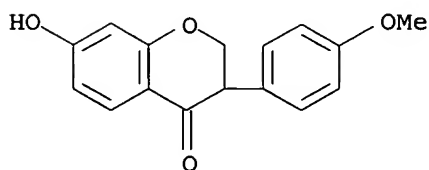
AB H transfer redn. of isoflavones I [R = H, OH; R1 = H, OH, OMe; R2 = H, OMe) using Pd-HCO<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>4</sub> provides easy access to polyoxyisoflavonones II and also to isoflavan-4-ols III without the need for protection of the OH groups. Optimized reaction conditions for improved isoflavonone yields are also discussed.

IT 4626-22-6P 17238-05-0P 124093-18-1P  
 124093-19-2P 124093-20-5P 124093-21-6P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (prepn. of, by palladium-ammonium formate redn. of isoflavone)

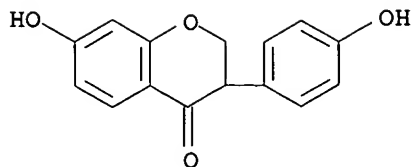
RN 4626-22-6 HCAPLUS

CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, 2,3-dihydro-7-hydroxy-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

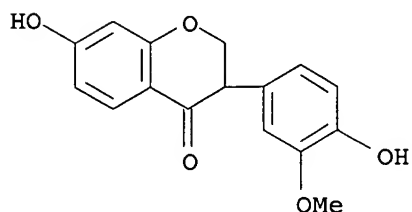


RN 17238-05-0 HCAPLUS

CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, 2,3-dihydro-7-hydroxy-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)- (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

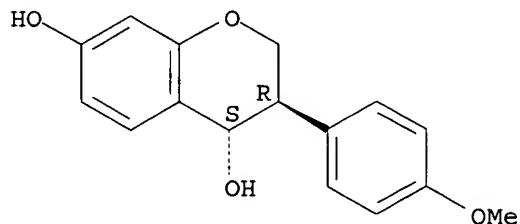


RN 124093-18-1 HCAPLUS  
 CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, 2,3-dihydro-7-hydroxy-3-(4-hydroxy-3-methoxyphenyl)-  
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



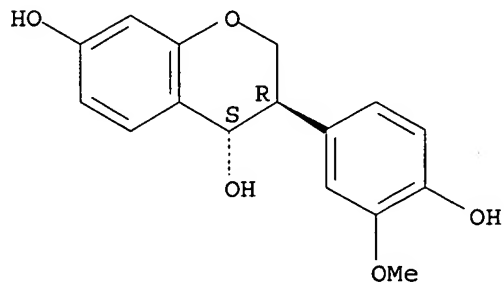
RN 124093-19-2 HCAPLUS  
 RN 124093-20-5 HCAPLUS  
 CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-4,7-diol, 3,4-dihydro-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-, trans- (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

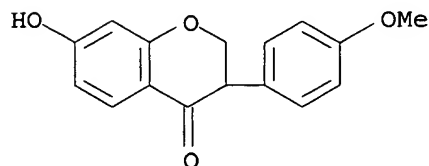


RN 124093-21-6 HCAPLUS  
 CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-4,7-diol, 3,4-dihydro-3-(4-hydroxy-3-methoxyphenyl)-,  
 trans- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

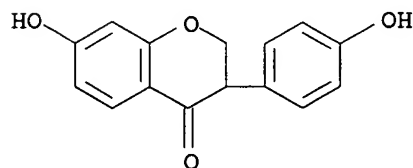
Relative stereochemistry.



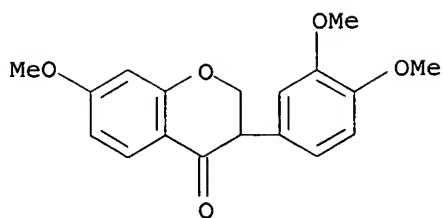
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:489777 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 111:89777  
TITLE: Inhibition of cAMP phosphodiesterase in medicinal plants. Part XVI. Inhibition of adenosine 3',5'-cyclic monophosphate phosphodiesterase by flavonoids. III  
AUTHOR(S): Nikaido, Tamotsu; Ohmoto, Taichi; Kinoshita, Takeshi; Sankawa, Ushio; Delle Monache, Franco; Botta, Bruno; Tomimori, Tsuyoshi; Miyaichi, Yukinori; Shirataki, Yoshiaki; et al.  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Sch. Pharm. Sci., Toho Univ., Funabashi, 274, Japan  
SOURCE: Chemical & Pharmaceutical Bulletin (1989), 37(5), 1392-5  
CODEN: CPBTAL; ISSN: 0009-2363  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English  
AB Sixty-one flavanones, 26 isoflavones, and 8 other flavonoids, obtained from *Sophora tomentosa*, *S. flavescens*, *Scutellaria baicalensis* and other medicinal plants or synthesized, were tested for their inhibitory activity against cAMP phosphodiesterase from beef heart. Numerous structure-activity relationships are reported.  
IT 4626-22-6 17238-05-0 56407-05-7  
120185-45-7 120185-46-8 121927-95-5  
121927-98-8 121928-00-5  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study)  
(cAMP phosphodiesterase inhibition by, structure in relation to)  
RN 4626-22-6 HCAPLUS  
CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, 2,3-dihydro-7-hydroxy-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)



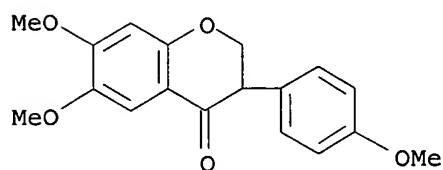
RN 17238-05-0 HCAPLUS  
CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, 2,3-dihydro-7-hydroxy-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)



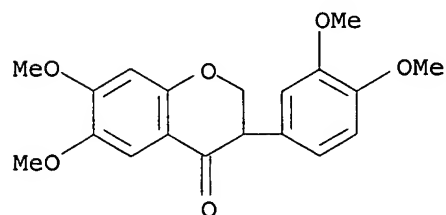
RN 56407-05-7 HCAPLUS  
CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, 3-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-2,3-dihydro-7-methoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



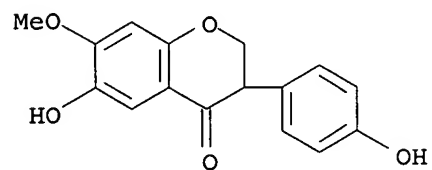
RN 120185-45-7 HCAPLUS  
 CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, 2,3-dihydro-6,7-dimethoxy-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-  
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



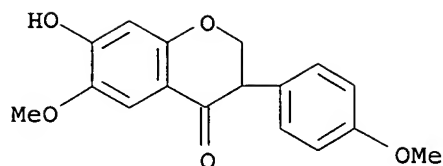
RN 120185-46-8 HCAPLUS  
 CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, 3-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-2,3-dihydro-6,7-dimethoxy-  
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



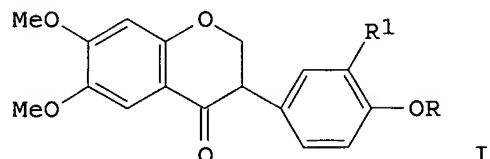
RN 121927-95-5 HCAPLUS  
 CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, 2,3-dihydro-6-hydroxy-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-7-methoxy-  
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



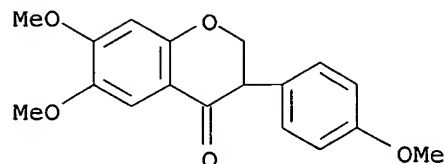
RN 121927-98-8 HCAPLUS  
 RN 121928-00-5 HCAPLUS  
 CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, 2,3-dihydro-7-hydroxy-6-methoxy-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-  
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L39 ANSWER 24 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:172924 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 110:172924  
 TITLE: Synthesis of naturally occurring 6,7-dimethoxy-3',4'-methylenedioxyisoflavanone and its analogs  
 AUTHOR(S): Jain, Amolak C.; Prasad, Ashok K.  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Univ. Delhi, Delhi, 110 007, India  
 SOURCE: Indian Journal of Chemistry, Section B: Organic Chemistry Including Medicinal Chemistry (1988), 27B(7), 622-4  
 CODEN: IJSBDB; ISSN: 0376-4699  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 110:172924  
 GI

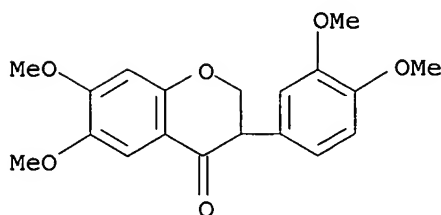


AB 6,7-Dimethoxy-3',4'-methylenedioxyisoflavanone (I, RR1 = CH2O), isolated from the heartwood of *Cordyla africana*, has now been synthesized by the Hoesch condensation of 1,2,4-(HO)3C6H3 with 3,4-methylenedioxybenzyl cyanide; partial methylation, hydroxymethylation, and cyclization. I (R = Me, R1 = H, OMe) have been synthesized similarly.  
 IT 120185-45-7P 120185-46-8P  
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of)  
 RN 120185-45-7 HCAPLUS  
 CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, 2,3-dihydro-6,7-dimethoxy-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 120185-46-8 HCAPLUS

CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, 3-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-2,3-dihydro-6,7-dimethoxy-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L39 ANSWER 25 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:23591 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 110:23591

TITLE: Synthesis of natural (+-)-dihydrocladrin, (+-)-homoferreirin, and related isoflavanones

AUTHOR(S): Jain, Amolak C.; Tyagi, Om D.; Prasad, Ashok K.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Univ. Delhi, Delhi, 110 007, India

SOURCE: Proceedings - Indian Academy of Sciences, Chemical Sciences (1988), 100(1), 45-52

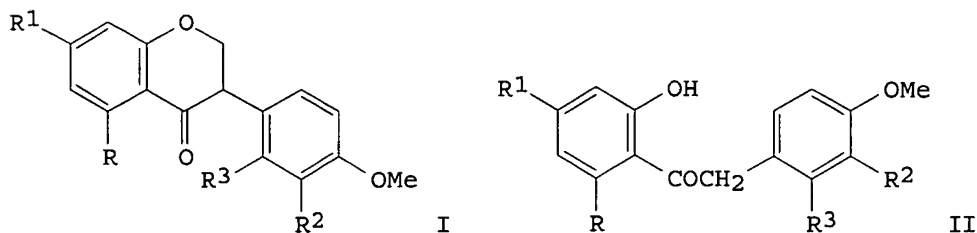
CODEN: PIAADM; ISSN: 0253-4134

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 110:23591

GI



AB Two naturally occurring isoflavanones, i.e., dihydrocladrin (I; R = R3 = H, R1 = OH, R2 = MeO) and homoferreirin (I; R = R1 = OH, R2 = H, R3 = MeO) and the related compds. di-O-methylhomoferreirin (I; R = R1 = R3 = MeO, R2 = H) and 7-O-methylsativanone (I; R = R2 = H, R1 = R3 = MeO) were prepd. in racemic form from the resp. deoxybenzoins (II; same R-R3) by the EtOCH2Cl method from the literature.

IT 118176-13-9P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(prepn. of)

RN 118176-13-9 HCAPLUS

L39 ANSWER 26 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1988:549354 HCAPLUS

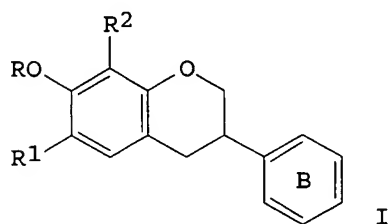
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 109:149354

TITLE: Preparation and formulation of 3-aryl-3,4-dihydro-2H-1-benzopyrans useful in treatment of vascular diseases

INVENTOR(S): Albert, Alban Imre; Zilliken, Friedrich W.  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Zyma S. A., Switz.  
 SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 23 pp.  
 CODEN: EPXXDW  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 267155	A2	19880511	EP 1987-810620	19871029
EP 267155	A3	19880720		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE				
NO 8704489	A	19880505	NO 1987-4489	19871028
FI 8704804	A	19880505	FI 1987-4804	19871102
DD 275048	A5	19900110	DD 1987-308578	19871102
DK 8705756	A	19880505	DK 1987-5756	19871103
ZA 8708245	A	19880629	ZA 1987-8245	19871103
HU 48611	A2	19890628	HU 1987-4930	19871103
AU 8780655	A1	19880505	AU 1987-80655	19871104
AU 606087	B2	19910131		
JP 63130589	A2	19880602	JP 1987-277528	19871104
US 4814346	A	19890321	US 1987-116737	19871104
			GB 1986-26344	19861104

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:  
 OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 109:149354  
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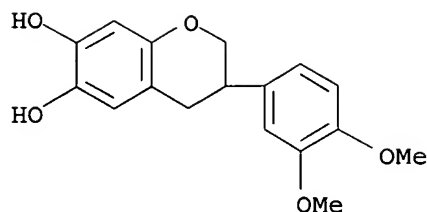


AB Title compds. I [R = H, (un)substituted alkyl; one of R1 and R2 = HO, alkoxy, alkanoyloxy, alkyl and the other is H, or ORR1 = (un)substituted OCH2O; R2 = H, or ORR2 = (un)substituted OCH2O; B is (un)substituted by alkyl, phenylalkyl, alkanoyloxy, halo, amino, etc.] and their salts, useful for treatment of vascular diseases (no data) were prepd.  
 6,7-Dihydroxy-3-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-4H-1-benzopyran-4-one in dioxane and EtOH is hydrogenated for 8 days over Pd/C to give I [R, R2 = H, R1 = HO; B = 3,4-(Me2O)2].

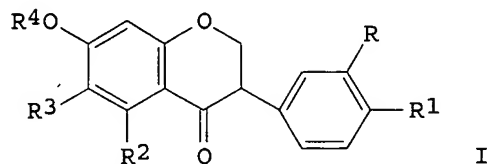
IT **116718-58-2P**  
 RL: **SPN (Synthetic preparation)**; PREP (Preparation)  
 (prepn. of, for treatment of vascular disease)

RN 116718-58-2 HCAPLUS

CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-6,7-diol, 3-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-3,4-dihydro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

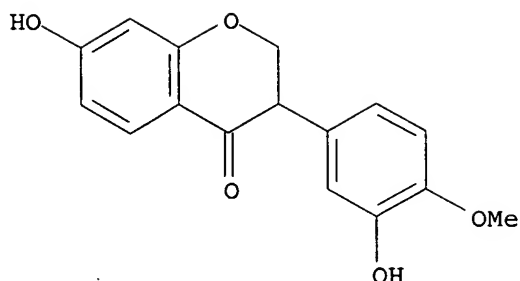


L39 ANSWER 27 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1988:422691 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 109:22691  
 TITLE: Synthesis of naturally occurring (.-)-7,3'-dihydroxy-4'-methoxyisoflavanone and some isoflavanones related to natural 6,7-dimethoxy-3',4'-methylenedioxyisoflavanone  
 AUTHOR(S): Jain, A. C.; Bambah, P. K.  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Univ. Delhi, Delhi, 110 007, India  
 SOURCE: Indian Journal of Chemistry, Section B: Organic Chemistry Including Medicinal Chemistry (1987), 26B(7), 628-33  
 CODEN: IJSBDB; ISSN: 0376-4699  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 109:22691  
 GI



AB 2,4,3'-Trihydroxy-4'-methoxydesoxybenzoin on treatment with 2 mol of EtOCH<sub>2</sub>Cl followed by 1 mol of EtOCH<sub>2</sub>Cl yields the diether which undergoes cyclization with 4% EtOH-Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> to afford 7,3'-bis(ethoxymethoxy)-4'-methoxyisoflavanone. Deprotection with 10% MeOH-HCl yields the naturally occurring 7,3'-dihydroxy-4'-methoxyisoflavanone (I, R = OH, R<sub>1</sub> = OMe, R<sub>2</sub>-R<sub>4</sub> = H). I (RR<sub>1</sub> = OCH<sub>2</sub>O, R<sub>2</sub> = H, OMe, R<sub>3</sub> = H, R<sub>4</sub> = H, Me; R-R<sub>2</sub> = H, R<sub>3</sub> = OMe, R<sub>4</sub> = Me) were similarly prepd.  
 IT 67492-31-3P  
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of)  
 RN 67492-31-3 HCAPLUS  
 CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, 2,3-dihydro-7-hydroxy-3-(3-hydroxy-4-methoxyphenyl)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)





L39 ANSWER 28 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1988:131344 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 108:131344

TITLE: Synthesis of (.-.)-sativanone and (.-.)-dihydrodaidzein

AUTHOR(S): Jain, Amolak C.; Nayyar, Naresh K.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Univ. Delhi, Delhi, 110 007, India

SOURCE: Indian Journal of Chemistry, Section B: Organic Chemistry Including Medicinal Chemistry (1987), 26B(2), 136-9

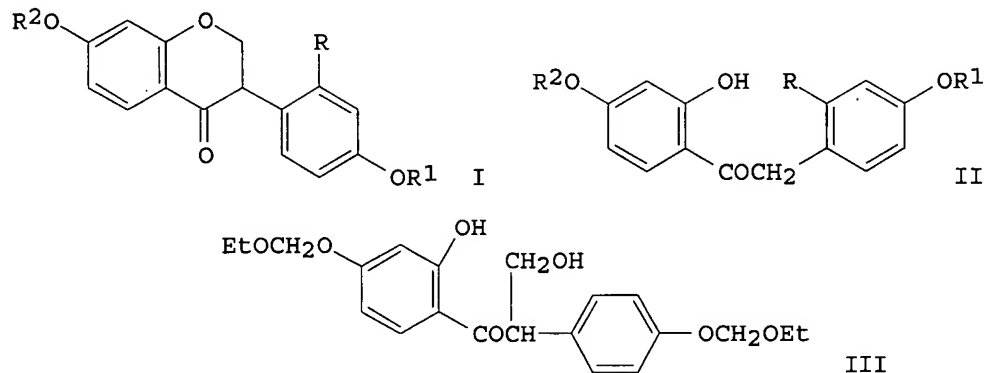
CODEN: IJSBDB; ISSN: 0376-4699

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 108:131344

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AB The title compds. (I; R = MeO, R1 = Me, R2 = H; R-R2 = H) resp. were prepd in 3 steps from desoxybenzoins II. Thus, II (R-R2 = H) was treated with 3 equiv of EtOCH2Cl to give 87% hydroxydesoxybenzoin III which was cyclized with Na2CO3 to give 70% I (R = H, R1 = R2 = EtOCH2). Deprotection with HCl-MeOH gave 91% I (R-R2 = H).

IT 37054-07-2P, (.-.)-Dihydrodaidzein

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(total synthesis of)

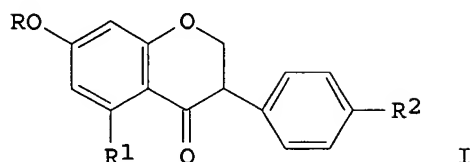
RN 37054-07-2 HCAPLUS

L39 ANSWER 29 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1986:552767 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 105:152767

TITLE: A new general synthesis of hydroxy- and methoxyisoflavanones  
 AUTHOR(S): Jain, Amolak C.; Mehta, Anita  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Univ. Delhi, Delhi, 110 007, India  
 SOURCE: Journal of the Chemical Society, Perkin Transactions 1: Organic and Bio-Organic Chemistry (1972-1999) (1986), (2), 215-20  
 CODEN: JCPRB4; ISSN: 0300-922X  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 105:152767  
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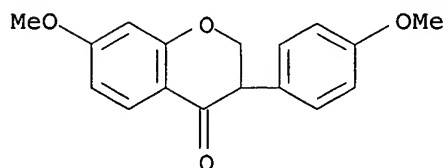
AB A new general synthesis of isoflavanones I (R = H, Me, CH<sub>2</sub>OEt; R<sub>1</sub> = H<sub>1</sub>OH, OMe, OCH<sub>2</sub>OEt; R<sub>2</sub> = H, OMe) has been accomplished in overall yields of 47-73% from 2,4,6-R<sub>1</sub>(RO)(HO)C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>2</sub>COCH<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>R<sub>2</sub>-4. The first step involves with EtOCH<sub>2</sub>Cl in the presence of dry K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> which gives 2,4,6-R<sub>1</sub>(RO)(HO)C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>2</sub>COCH(CH<sub>2</sub>OH)C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>R<sub>2</sub>-4 (II). The explanation for the unexpected formation has been provided on the basis of an elimination-addn. mechanism. Subsequent refluxing with Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> in aq EtOH afforded I (R = Me, CH<sub>2</sub>OEt; R<sub>1</sub> = H, OMe, OCH<sub>2</sub>OEt). Final removal of the ethoxymethyl groups with 10% MeOH-HCl afforded I (R = H, R<sub>1</sub>-OH).

IT 15236-11-0P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (prepn. and cyclization of)

RN 15236-11-0 HCAPLUS

CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, 2,3-dihydro-7-methoxy-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

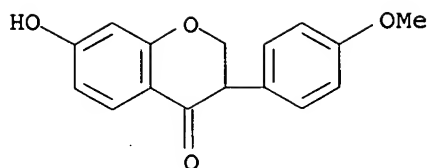


IT 4626-22-6P

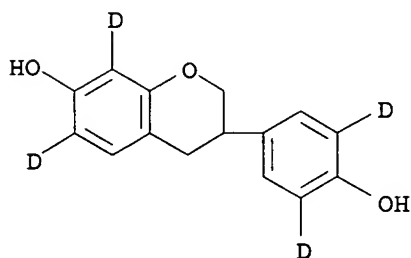
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and ether cleavage of)

RN 4626-22-6 HCAPLUS

CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, 2,3-dihydro-7-hydroxy-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

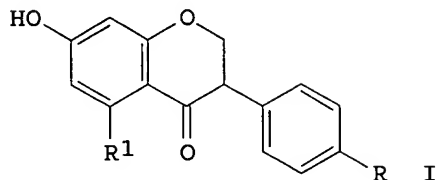


L39 ANSWER 30 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1986:533626 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 105:133626  
 TITLE: Synthesis of the [2H]-labeled urinary lignans, enterolactone and enterodiol, and the phytoestrogen daidzein and its metabolites equol and O-demethylangolensin  
 AUTHOR(S): Wahala, Kristiina; Makela, Taru; Backstrom, Reijo; Brunow, Gosta; Hase, Tapio  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Univ. Helsinki, Helsinki, 00100, Finland  
 SOURCE: Journal of the Chemical Society, Perkin Transactions 1: Organic and Bio-Organic Chemistry (1972-1999) (1986), (1), 95-8  
 CODEN: JCPRB4; ISSN: 0300-922X  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 105:133626  
 AB [2H6]enterolactone, [2H6]enterodiol, [2H4]daidzein, [2H4]equol, [2H5]-O-demethylangolensin, were prepd. by D exchange using PBr3 or NaOD in D<sub>2</sub>O or CF<sub>3</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>D.  
 IT 104411-14-5P  
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of)  
 RN 104411-14-5 HCAPLUS  
 CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-6,8-d<sub>2</sub>-7-ol, 3,4-dihydro-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl-3,5-d<sub>2</sub>)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L39 ANSWER 31 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1985:487683 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 103:87683  
 TITLE: A new general synthesis of polyhydroxyisoflavanones  
 AUTHOR(S): Jain, Amolak C.; Sharma, Anita  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Univ. Delhi, Delhi, 110 007, India  
 SOURCE: Journal of the Chemical Society, Chemical Communications (1985), (6), 338-9  
 CODEN: JCCCAT; ISSN: 0022-4936  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English  
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 103:87683  
 GI



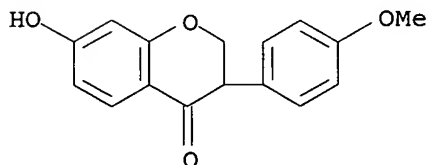
AB Hydroxyisoflavanones were prepd. in 4 steps from polyhydroxydeoxybenzoins in 45-57% overall yield. E.g., sequential treatment of 2,4,6-(HO)3C6H2COCH2Ph with ClCH2OEt and dry K2CO3 in Me2CO at room temp., ClCH2OEt at 60-70.degree. for 1-1.5 h, 4% aq. ethanolic Na2CO3 for 2-3 h, and 10% methanolic HCl for 7-10 min gave hydroxyisoflavanone I (R = H, R1 = OH) in 57.0% overall yield. I (R = H, OMe; R1 = H) were similarly prepd.

IT 4626-22-6P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (prepn. of)

RN 4626-22-6 HCAPLUS

CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, 2,3-dihydro-7-hydroxy-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)



L39 ANSWER 32 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1985:406088 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 103:6088

TITLE: Hydroxymethylation studies of o-hydroxyphenyl benzyl ketones with and without the use of phase transfer catalyst: a novel synthesis of isoflavanones  
 AUTHOR(S): Jain, P. K.; Pinkey; Makrandi, J. K.; Grover, S. K.  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Univ. Delhi, Delhi, 110 007, India  
 SOURCE: Indian Journal of Chemistry, Section B: Organic Chemistry Including Medicinal Chemistry (1985), 24B(1), 51-8

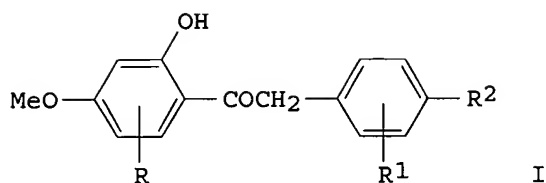
CODEN: IJSBDB; ISSN: 0376-4699

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 103:6088

GI



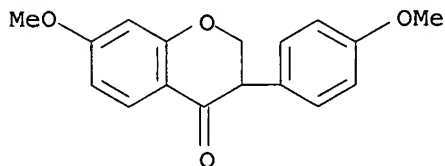
AB o-Hydroxyphenyl ketones I (R = H, 3-Me, 5-Me; R1 = H, 2-OMe, 3-OMe; R2 = H, OMe) on treatment with CH<sub>2</sub>O in a CHCl<sub>3</sub>-aq. K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> biphasic system, give the corresponding .alpha.-hydroxymethyl derivs. This reaction, when carried out in the presence of a phase-transfer catalyst, leads to 3-hydroxymethylisoflavanones. I (R = 6-OMe, R1 = H, R2 = H, OMe) also give the .alpha.-hydroxymethyl derivs. under phase-transfer catalyzed conditions. However, in the absence of the phase-transfer catalyst, the reaction product is a complex mixt. The .alpha.-hydroxymethyl-o-hydroxyphenyl benzyl ketones, on refluxing with Et<sub>2</sub>NH-EtOH afford the corresponding isoflavanones quant. The 3-hydroxymethylisoflavanones, on treatment with K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>-H<sub>2</sub>O-MeOH at 40.degree. undergo dehydroxymethylation to isoflavanones.

IT 15236-11-0P 56407-05-7P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(prepn. of)

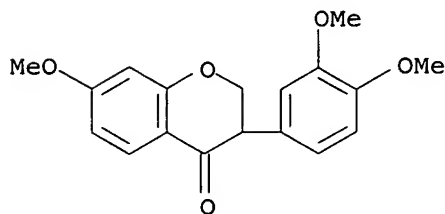
RN 15236-11-0 HCAPLUS

CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, 2,3-dihydro-7-methoxy-3-(4-methoxyphenyl) - (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)



RN 56407-05-7 HCAPLUS

CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, 3-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-2,3-dihydro-7-methoxy-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



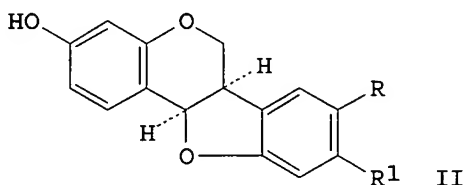
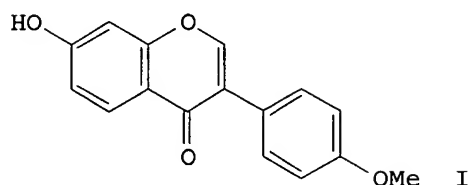
L39 ANSWER 33 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1985:128914 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 102:128914

TITLE: Isoflavonoid biosynthesis: concerning the aryl  
migration

AUTHOR(S): Al-Ani, Hakim A. M.; Dewick, Paul M.  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Pharm., Univ. Nottingham, Nottingham, NG7 2RD, UK  
 SOURCE: Journal of the Chemical Society, Perkin Transactions  
 1: Organic and Bio-Organic Chemistry (1972-1999)  
 (1984), (12), 2831-8  
 CODEN: JCPRB4; ISSN: 0300-922X  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 GI



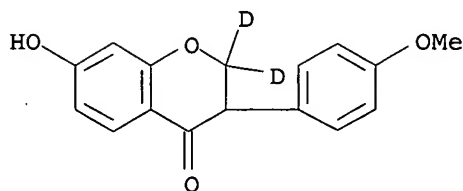
AB Feeding expts. with  $^{13}\text{C}$ - or D-labeled precursors in  $\text{CuCl}_2$ -treated *Irifolium pratense* seedlings showed that formononetin (I), medicarpin (II;  $\text{R} = \text{H}$ ,  $\text{R}_1 = \text{OMe}$ ) (III), and maackiain (II;  $\text{RR}_1 = \text{OCH}_2\text{O}$ ) (IV) are formed from 2',4,4'-trihydroxychalcone by a rearrangement involving an intramol. migration of the cinnamate-derived arom. ring. In all 3 compds., this is accompanied by retention of the chalcone .beta.-H and loss of the .alpha.-H. During formation of IV from I, an NIH shift of D resulting from arom. hydroxylation ortho to the OMe group was obsd. Expts. with 7-hydroxy-4'-methoxyisoflavanone-2-d<sub>2</sub> showed that this compd. may be converted into III without loss of D, thus confirming the existence of a metabolic grid of isoflavones and isoflavanones. The results are explained in terms of an oxidative process in which a chalcone is converted into an isoflavone as the 1st-formed isoflavanoid deriv.

IT 95307-73-6P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (prepn. of)

RN 95307-73-6 HCAPLUS

CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one-2-d, 2,3-dihydro-2-d-7-hydroxy-3-(4-methoxyphenyl) -  
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



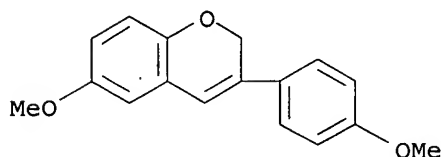
L39 ANSWER 34 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1985:113112 HCAPLUS

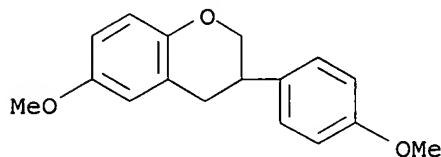
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 102:113112

TITLE: A synthesis of 2,4-dihydroxyisoflavans and  
 2-hydroxyisoflav-3-enes: versatile precursors to  
 isoflavanoids

AUTHOR(S): Liepa, Andris J.  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Div. Appl. Org. Chem., CSIRO, Melbourne, 3001, Australia  
SOURCE: Australian Journal of Chemistry (1984), 37(12), 2545-58  
CODEN: AJCHAS; ISSN: 0004-9425  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English  
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 102:113112  
AB A new synthesis of isoflavanoids was developed by treatment of a salicylaldehyde with an arylglycidate salt. Reaction conditions were found so that this condensation yields either a 2,4-dihydroxyisoflavan or a 2-hydroxyisoflav-3-ene. The 2-hydroxyisoflav-3-ene can then be converted into the isoflavylum salt, isoflavan, 2-hydroxyisoflavan, isoflav-2-ene or isoflav-3-ene. Similarly, the 2-aminoisoflav-3-ene deriv. can be obtained. The reaction of isoflavylum salts with HSCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H gives carboxyethylthioisoflav-3-ene derivs. potentially useful as haptens for conjugation with suitable macromols. for the generation of antibodies.  
IT 95332-12-0P  
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (prepn. and hydrogenation of)  
RN 95332-12-0 HCAPLUS  
CN 2H-1-Benzopyran, 6-methoxy-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



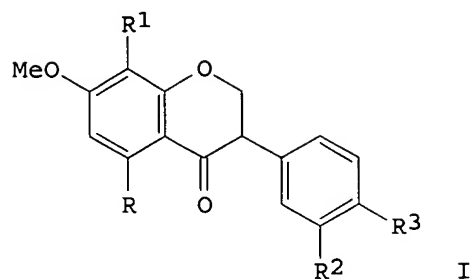
IT 95332-13-1P  
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of)  
RN 95332-13-1 HCAPLUS  
CN 2H-1-Benzopyran, 3,4-dihydro-6-methoxy-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L39 ANSWER 35 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1985:45739 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 102:45739  
TITLE: Synthesis of methoxyisoflavanones from arylmethyl o-hydroxyaryl ketones and paraformaldehyde  
AUTHOR(S): Pinkey; Jain, Pramod K.; Grover, Surinder K.  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Univ. Delhi, Delhi, 110007, India  
SOURCE: Gazzetta Chimica Italiana (1984), 114(7-8), 355-7

DOCUMENT TYPE:  
LANGUAGE:  
GI

CODEN: GCITA9; ISSN: 0016-5603  
Journal  
English



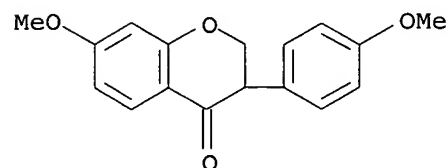
AB The cyclocondensation of 2-hydroxy-4-methoxyphenyl benzyl ketones with HCHO gave isoflavanones I (R = H, OMe; R1 = Me, H; R2 = H OMe; R3 = H, OMe). Thus, benzyl 2-hydroxy-3-methyl-4-methoxyphenyl ketone was heated with HCHO and Et2NH in MeOH to give I (R1 = Me, R = R2 = R3 = H).

IT 15236-11-0P 56407-05-7P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(prepn. of)

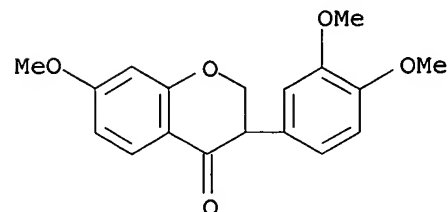
RN 15236-11-0 HCAPLUS

CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, 2,3-dihydro-7-methoxy-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)



RN 56407-05-7 HCAPLUS

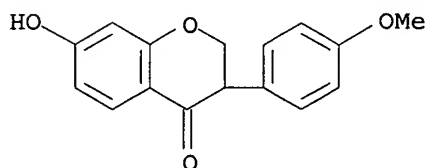
CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, 3-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-2,3-dihydro-7-methoxy-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



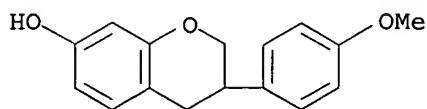
L39 ANSWER 36 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1985:42728 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 102:42728



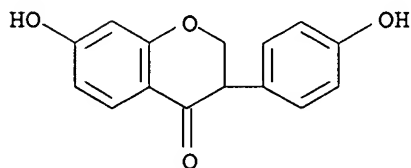
TITLE: Antifungal activity of soybean and chickpea isoflavones and their reduced derivatives  
AUTHOR(S): Kraemer, Rainer Philipp; Hindorf, Holger; Jha, Hem Chandra; Kallage, Jutta; Zilliken, Fritz  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Pflanzenkrankh., Univ. Bonn, Bonn, D-5300/1, Fed. Rep. Ger.  
SOURCE: Phytochemistry (Elsevier) (1984), 23(10), 2203-5  
CODEN: PYTCAS; ISSN: 0031-9422  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English  
AB The fungicidal activity of the isoflavones from soybean (*Glycine max*) and chickpea (*Cicer arietinum*) was studied on 3 food- and forage-contaminating fungi, *Aspergillus ochraceus*, *Penicillium digitatum*, and *Fusarium culmorum*. The reduced derivs. of the corresponding isoflavones, the isoflavanones and isoflavans, were also included in the investigation. For the 1st time in a comparative study it was shown that isoflavones and isoflavanones are variable in their activity whereas the isoflavans are moderately active inhibitors of fungal growth.  
IT 4626-22-6 10499-17-9 17238-05-0  
94105-87-0 94105-88-1 94105-89-2  
94105-90-5 94105-91-6  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (antifungal activity of)  
RN 4626-22-6 HCAPLUS  
CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, 2,3-dihydro-7-hydroxy-3-(4-methoxyphenyl) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



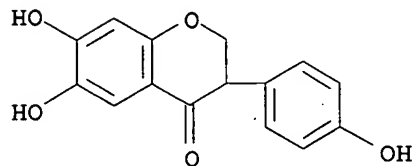
RN 10499-17-9 HCAPLUS  
CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-7-ol, 3,4-dihydro-3-(4-methoxyphenyl) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



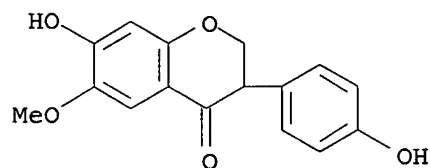
RN 17238-05-0 HCAPLUS  
CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, 2,3-dihydro-7-hydroxy-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



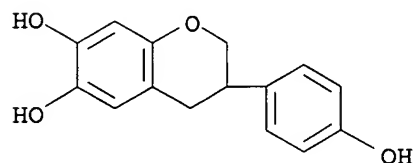
RN 94105-87-0 HCAPLUS  
CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, 2,3-dihydro-6,7-dihydroxy-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



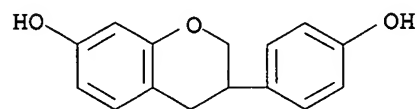
RN 94105-88-1 HCAPLUS  
CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, 2,3-dihydro-7-hydroxy-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-6-methoxy-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



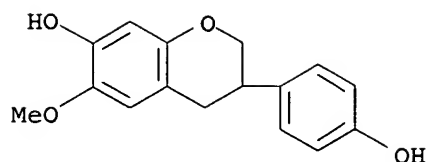
RN 94105-89-2 HCAPLUS  
CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-6,7-diol, 3,4-dihydro-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA  
INDEX NAME)



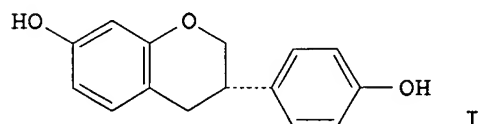
RN 94105-90-5 HCAPLUS  
CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-7-ol, 3,4-dihydro-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX  
NAME)



RN 94105-91-6 HCAPLUS  
CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-7-ol, 3,4-dihydro-3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-6-methoxy- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)



L39 ANSWER 37 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1985:19261 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 102:19261  
 TITLE: Characterization of the estrogenic properties of a nonsteroidal estrogen, equol, extracted from urine of pregnant macaques  
 AUTHOR(S): Thompson, M. A.; Lasley, B. L.; Rideout, B. A.; Kasman, L. H.  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Res. Dep., San Diego Zoo, San Diego, CA, USA  
 SOURCE: Biology of Reproduction (1984), 31(4), 705-13  
 CODEN: BIREBV; ISSN: 0006-3363  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 GI



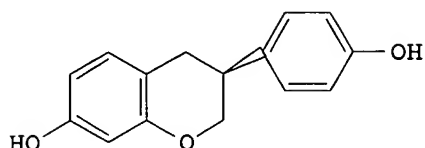
AB The estrogenic activity of equol (I) [531-95-3] from macaque urine, (.-)-I [66036-38-2], and 17.β-estradiol (E2) [50-28-2] was compared in vitro and in vivo. Relative binding affinity of I for rat uterine receptor was 1% that of E2, and the dissociation rate of I from the receptor was very high. I was ineffective in stimulating rat uterine weight gain and possessed limited ability to increase progesterone [57-83-0] receptor. Uterine nuclear receptors, after doses of I sufficient to produce depletion and replenishment of cytosol estrogen receptor, were not measurable by exchange assay. No antiestrogenic activity of I could be demonstrated. The weak potency and lack of antiestrogenic activity of I are difficult to reconcile with its ability to induce ovine infertility. Species differences at some level other than classical estrogen receptor as defined in the rat model may be responsible for variability in the impact of I.

IT 66036-38-2  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (estrogenic activity of)

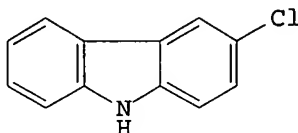
RN 66036-38-2 HCAPLUS

L39 ANSWER 38 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:96557 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 100:96557  
 TITLE: Isolation and identification of "diazepam-like"

compounds from bovine urine  
 AUTHOR(S): Luk, Kin Chun; Stern, Lorraine; Weigele, Manfred;  
 O'Brien, Robert A.; Spirt, Nena  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Chem. Res. Dep., Hoffmann-LaRoche, Inc., Nutley, NJ,  
 USA  
 SOURCE: Journal of Natural Products (1983), 46(6), 852-61  
 CODEN: JNPRDF; ISSN: 0163-3864  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 GI



I



II

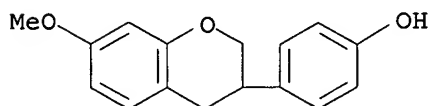
AB Putative endogenous ligands for the benzodiazepine receptor were isolated from bovine urine. These included 3 isoflavans which had activity like that of diazepam [439-14-5] in a receptor-binding assay: equol (I) [531-95-3], dl-3',7-dihydroxyisoflavan [89019-82-9], and dl-4'-hydroxy-7-methoxyisoflavan [89019-86-3]. Another compd., 3-chloro-9H-carbazole (II) [2732-25-4], enhanced the binding of diazepam in the receptor assay. Pinosylvin monomethyl ether [35302-70-6], indigo [482-89-3], and indirubin [479-41-4] were isolated as inactive compds. Preps. for many of the compds. isolated are described.

IT 89019-86-3P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (prepn. and isolation of, from urine, diazepam-mimetic activity in relation to)

RN 89019-86-3 HCAPLUS

CN Phenol, 4-(3,4-dihydro-7-methoxy-2H-1-benzopyran-3-yl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 89064-53-9P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (prepn. of)

RN 89064-53-9 HCAPLUS

L39 ANSWER 39 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1983:89120 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 98:89120

TITLE: A convenient phase transfer catalyzed synthesis of isoflavanones

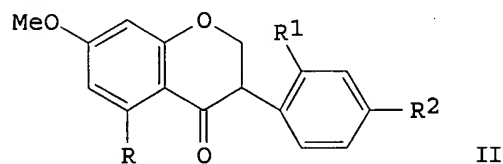
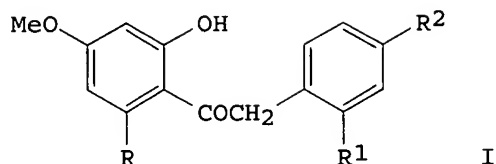
AUTHOR(S): Singh, Harcharan; Jain, P. K.; Makrandi, J. K.; Grover, S. K.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Univ. Delhi, Delhi, 110 007, India

SOURCE: Indian Journal of Chemistry, Section B: Organic Chemistry Including Medicinal Chemistry (1982), 21B(6), 547-8

DOCUMENT TYPE:  
LANGUAGE:  
GI

CODEN: IJSBDB; ISSN: 0376-4699  
Journal  
English



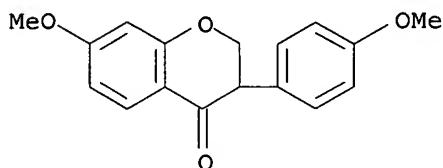
AB o-Hydroxyphenyl benzyl ketones I (R-R2 = H, OMe) on treatment with CH2I2 under phase transfer catalyzed conditions in the presence of Bu4N+I- and Na2S2O3 undergo smooth conversion into the isoflavanones II in 60-70% yields.

IT 15236-11-0P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(prepn. of)

RN 15236-11-0 HCAPLUS

CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, 2,3-dihydro-7-methoxy-3-(4-methoxyphenyl) - (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)



L39 ANSWER 40 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1983:89018 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 98:89018

TITLE: A new one-pot synthesis of isoflavanones

AUTHOR(S): Gandhidasan, R.; Neelakantan, S.; Raman, P. V.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Nat. Prod. Chem., Madurai Kamaraj Univ., Madurai,  
625 021, India

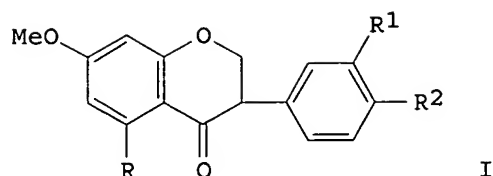
SOURCE: Synthesis (1982), (12), 1110

CODEN: SYNTBF; ISSN: 0039-7881

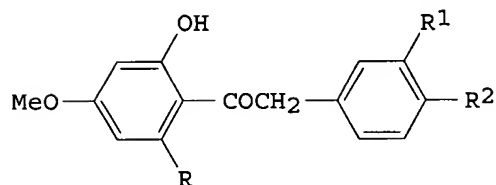
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

GI



I



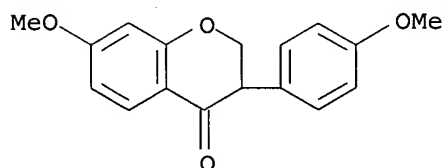
II

AB Isoflavanones I (R, R1 = H, OMe, R2 = H; R1R2 = OCH2O) were obtained in 51-67% yield by cyclizing the hydroxy ketones II with CH2O in the presence of NHMe2.

IT 15236-11-0P  
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(prepn. of)

RN 15236-11-0 HCAPLUS

CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, 2,3-dihydro-7-methoxy-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)



L39 ANSWER 41 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1982:142516 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 96:142516

TITLE: A synthesis of hydroxylated isoflavylum salts and their reduction products

AUTHOR(S): Liepa, Andris J.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Div. Appl. Org. Chem., CSIRO, Melbourne, 3001, Australia

SOURCE: Australian Journal of Chemistry (1981), 34(12), 2647-55  
CODEN: AJCHAS; ISSN: 0004-9425

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

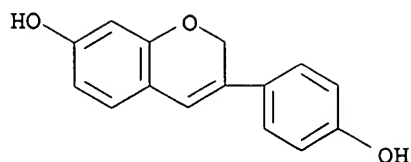
LANGUAGE: English

AB Phloroglucinol reacts with arylmalondialdehydes in the presence of HCl to form 5,7-dihydroxyisoflavylum salts. Redn. of these salts can be utilized to form isoflav-2-enes, isoflav-3-enes or isoflavans.

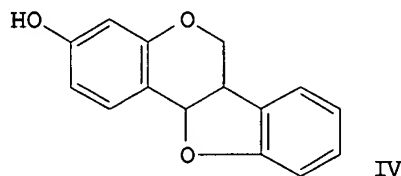
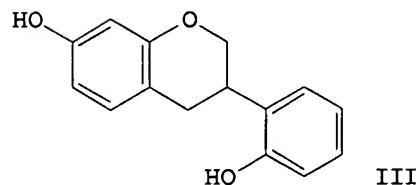
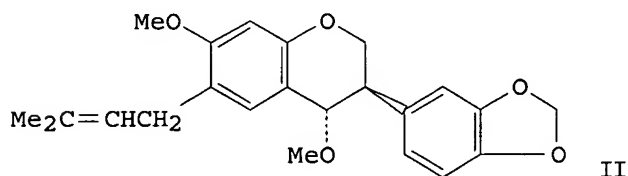
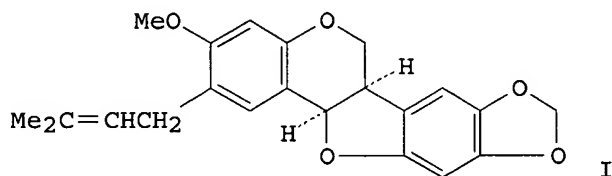
IT 81267-65-4P  
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(prepn. of)

RN 81267-65-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-7-ol, 3-(4-hydroxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L39 ANSWER 42 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1981:603790 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 95:203790  
 TITLE: Some photochemical and oxidative conversions of pterocarpan and isoflavans: functional requirements for cyclization of isoflavans to pterocarpan  
 AUTHOR(S): Breytenbach, Jaco C.; Van Zyl, Jan J.; Van der Merwe, Pieter J.; Rall, Gerhardus J. H.; Roux, David G.  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Univ. Orange Free State, Bloemfontein, 9300, S. Afr.  
 SOURCE: Journal of the Chemical Society, Perkin Transactions 1: Organic and Bio-Organic Chemistry (1972-1999) (1981), (10), 2684-91  
 CODEN: JCPRB4; ISSN: 0300-922X  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 GI



AB Photolysis of pterocarpan in MeOH or AcOH gave 4-functionalized 2'-hydroxy-3,4-trans-isoflavan by C-ring fission and solvolysis. E.g., irradiation of I (MeOH, 300 nm) gave the benzopyran deriv. II (22%). In some cases, spontaneous recyclization to the pterocarpan occurred; this was governed by functional dependent factors such as the effective delocalization of the transient 4-carbocation and formation of quinone

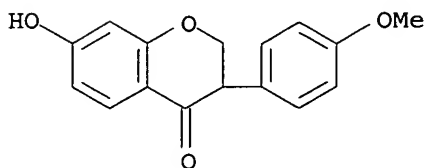
methide intermediates. The oxidative cyclization of 2,7'-dihydroxyisoflavans to pterocarpanes by DDQ was also studied. E.g., treatment of III with DDQ (C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>, under N<sub>2</sub>, room temp., 15 min) gave IV (65%). This reaction proceeds via unstable quinone methides, or via 4-carbocations after H- abstraction.

IT 4626-22-6P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(prepn. of)

RN 4626-22-6 HCAPLUS

CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, 2,3-dihydro-7-hydroxy-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)



L39 ANSWER 43 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1981:587004 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 95:187004

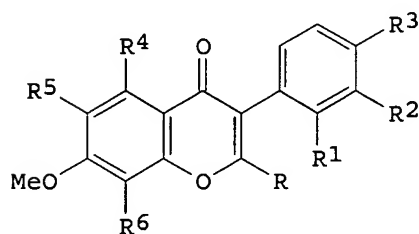
TITLE: Unusual regioselectivity in the reduction of  
.alpha.,.beta.-unsaturated carbonyl compounds with  
diisobutylaluminum hydride (DIBAH): direct conversion  
of isoflavones to isoflavan-4-ones

AUTHOR(S): Antus, Sandor; Gottsegen, Agnes; Nogradi, Mihaly  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Res. Group Alkaloid Chem., Hung. Acad. Sci., Budapest,  
1521, Hung.

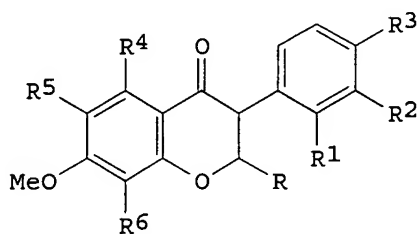
SOURCE: Synthesis (1981), (7), 574-6  
CODEN: SYNTBF; ISSN: 0039-7881

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English

GI



I



II

AB Isoflavones I (R = H, Me; R<sub>1</sub> = OCH<sub>2</sub>Ph, H; R<sub>2</sub> = OMe, H; R<sub>3</sub> = OMe, H; R<sub>4</sub> = H, OMe; R<sub>5</sub> = H, OMe; R<sub>6</sub> = H, Me) were converted to the resp. isoflavanones II. A soln. of (Me<sub>2</sub>CHCH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>AlH in PhMe was added to I (R = R<sub>1</sub> = R<sub>2</sub> = R<sub>3</sub> = R<sub>4</sub> = R<sub>5</sub> = R<sub>6</sub> = H) in PhMe and THF under Ar at -65.degree., and the mixt. was quenched with MeOH, allowed to warm to room temp., and worked up to give II (R = R<sub>1</sub> = R<sub>2</sub> = R<sub>3</sub> = R<sub>4</sub> = R<sub>5</sub> = R<sub>6</sub> = H).

IT 67492-32-4P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

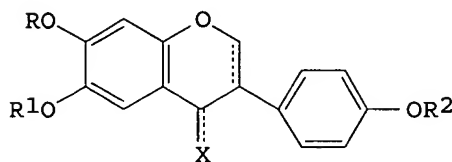


(prepn. of)  
RN 67492-32-4 HCAPLUS

L39 ANSWER 44 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1981:513769 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 95:113769  
TITLE: Isoflavones and related compounds and antioxidant compositions containing them  
INVENTOR(S): Zilliken, Fritz W.  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Z-L Ltd. Partnership, USA  
SOURCE: U.S., 9 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. 4,157,984.  
CODEN: USXXAM  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 5  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 4264509	A	19810428	US 1979-29122	19790411
US 4157984	A	19790612	US 1977-804594	19770608
CA 1140560	A1	19830201	CA 1979-327756	19790516
WO 8002098	A1	19801016	WO 1979-US347	19790518
W: BR, DK, JP				
RW: AT, CH, DE, FR, GB, LU, SE				
BR 7909002	A	19810331	BR 1979-9002	19790518
JP 56500493	T2	19810416	JP 1979-501868	19790518
EP 27796	A1	19810506	EP 1979-901460	19790518
EP 27796	B1	19840711		
R: AT, CH, DE, FR, GB, LU, SE				
AT 8324	E	19840715	AT 1979-901460	19790518
NL 7906193	A	19801014	NL 1979-6193	19790814
DK 8005288	A	19801211	DK 1980-5288	19801211
US 4366082	A	19821228	US 1981-223941	19810112
US 4390559	A	19830628	US 1981-223942	19810112
US 4366248	A	19821228	US 1981-226509	19810119
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1977-804594	19770608
			US 1979-29122	19790411
			EP 1979-901460	19790518
			WO 1979-US347	19790518

GI



I

AB Isoflavones and related compds. with the general structure (I; where R, R1, and R2 = H or Me or Et, X = 2H or O, and dashed lines are single or double bonds) are synthesized or purified from Rhizopus-fermented soybeans (tempeh) and optionally modified. These compds. have antioxidant activity in fats and oils. Thus, 6 g texasin (6,7-dihydroxy-3-(4-methoxyphenol)chromone) [897-46-1] was dissolved and partially suspended in 500 mL EtOH and hydrogenated until no starting material was detectable with a Pd on charcoal catalyst with Et3N addn. The hydrogenation catalyst

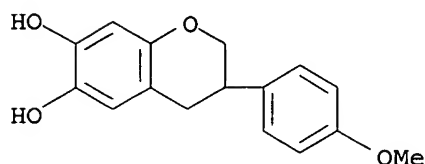
was removed by filtration, water added, and the EtOH of the reaction mixt. was removed by evapn. at reduced pressure. The ppt. formed during evapn. was identified as 6,7-dihydroxy-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-chromanon-4 [76397-85-8], which had good antioxidant activity as assessed by the Swift stability test on lard.

IT 76397-87-0P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(prepn. and antioxidant properties of)

RN 76397-87-0 HCAPLUS

CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-6,7-diol, 3,4-dihydro-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA  
INDEX NAME)



L39 ANSWER 45 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1981:96313 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 94:96313

TITLE: Ergostadienetriols

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Z-L Ltd., USA

SOURCE: Neth. Appl., 16 pp.

CODEN: NAXXAN

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

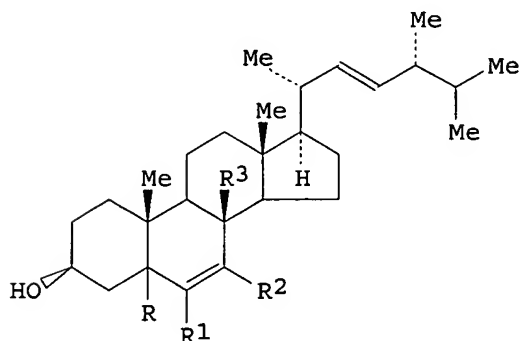
LANGUAGE: Dutch

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 5

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
NL 7906287	A	19800923	NL 1979-6287	19790817
US 4234577	A	19801118	US 1979-22202	19790319
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1979-22202	19790319
			US 1977-804594	19770608

GI



I, R=R<sup>3</sup>=OH, R<sup>1</sup>=R<sup>2</sup>=H

II, R=R<sup>3</sup>=H, R<sup>1</sup>=R<sup>2</sup>=OH

AB Ergostadienetriols are useful as hypocholesteremics and as antioxidants for foods. For example, chickens on a diet high in cholesterol and given

0.1% I [76420-88-7] in the feed had a serum cholesterol level of 283.8 mg%, compared to 330.7 mg% in similar chickens not given I; I was 10-fold more effective than .beta.-sitosterol. Addn. of II [71420-27-4] (0.1% by wt.) to lard provided 50% inhibition of oxidn. by air at 60.degree. over a period of 72 h.

IT 76397-86-9 76420-89-8

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU  
(Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)  
(antioxidant activity of)

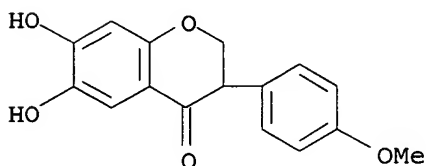
RN 76397-86-9 HCAPLUS

CN Ergosta-6,22-diene-3,6,7-triol, (3.beta.,22E)-, mixt. with  
2,3-dihydro-6,7-dihydroxy-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-4H-1-benzopyran-4-one (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 76397-85-8

CMF C16 H14 O5

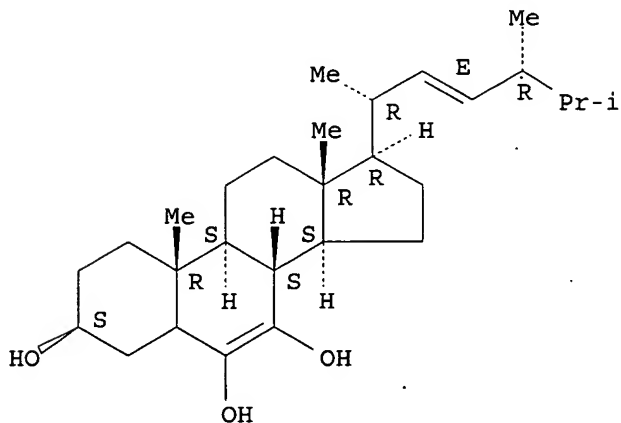


CM 2

CRN 71420-27-4

CMF C28 H46 O3

Absolute stereochemistry.  
Double bond geometry as shown.



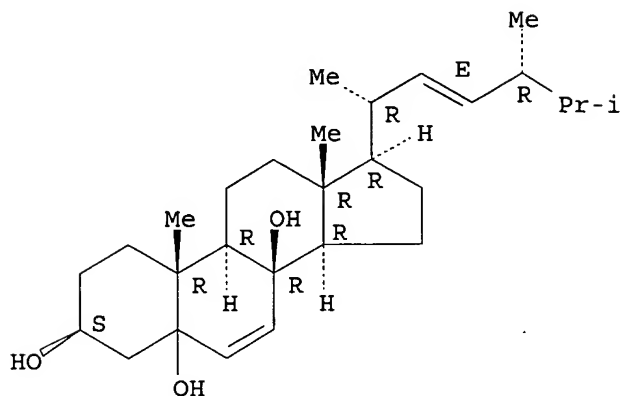
RN 76420-89-8 HCAPLUS

CN Ergosta-6,22-diene-3,5,8-triol, (3.beta.,22E)-, mixt. with  
3,4-dihydro-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2H-1-benzopyran-6,7-diol (9CI) (CA INDEX  
NAME)

CM 1

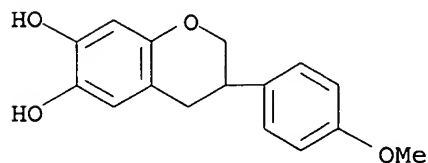
CRN 76420-88-7  
CMF C28 H46 O3

Absolute stereochemistry.  
Double bond geometry as shown.



CM 2

CRN 76397-87-0  
CMF C16 H16 O4



L39 ANSWER 46 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1979:589838 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 91:189838

TITLE: Biosynthesis of pterocarpan, isoflavan and coumestan  
metabolites of Medicago sativa: chalcone, isoflavone  
and isoflavanone precursors

AUTHOR(S): Dewick, Paul M.; Martin, Maria

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Pharm., Univ. Nottingham, Nottingham, UK

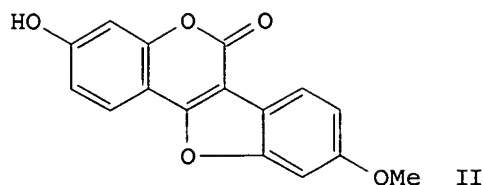
SOURCE: Phytochemistry (Elsevier) (1979), 18(4), 597-602

CODEN: PYTCAS; ISSN: 0031-9422

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

GI



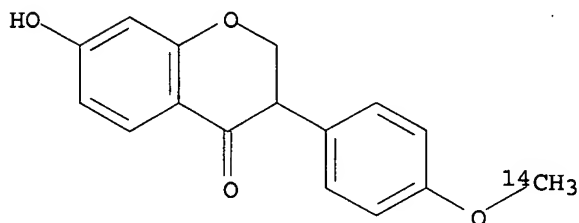
AB Feeding expts. on CuCl<sub>2</sub>- and UV-treated lucerne seedlings indicated that <sup>14</sup>C-labeled 2',4,4'-trihydroxychalcone and formononetin but not 2',4'-dihydroxy-4-methylchalcone or daidzein were incorporated into demethylhomopterocarpan (I), sativan, vestitol, and 9-O-methylcoumestrol (II). II formation was stimulated under these conditions but coumestrol prodn. was unaffected. Daidzein and the trihydroxychalcone were precursors of coumestrol. A mechanism is proposed in which methylation is an integral part of the aryl migration process assocd. with the formation of 4'-methoxyisoflavonoids. Formononetin, 2',7-dihydroxy- and 7-hydroxy-4'-methoxyisoflavanone, and 2',7-dihydroxy-4'-methoxyisoflavone were all good precursors of I, II, sativan, and vestitol, and thus a metabolic grid may be involved in their biosynthetic origin.

IT 71815-41-3P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(prepn. of)

RN 71815-41-3 HCAPLUS

CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, 2,3-dihydro-7-hydroxy-3-[4-(methoxy-<sup>14</sup>C)phenyl]-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L39 ANSWER 47 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1979:148432 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 90:148432

TITLE: Isoflavonoid constituents of Dalbergia and Machaerium species. Part 3. Vestitol and vesticarpan, isoflavonoids from Machaerium vestitum

AUTHOR(S): Kurosawa, Kazu; Ollis, W. David; Redman, Brian T.; Sutherland, Ian O.; Gottlieb, Otto R.

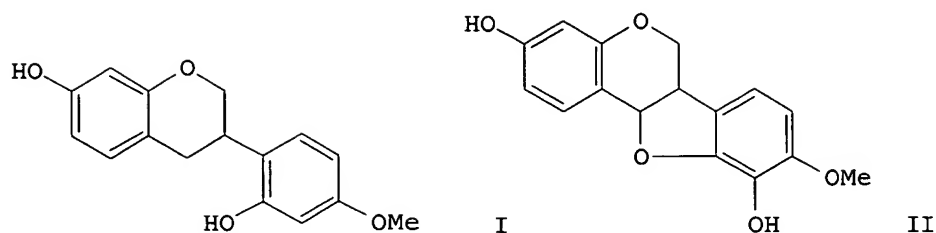
CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Univ. Sheffield, Sheffield, UK

SOURCE: Phytochemistry (Elsevier) (1978), 17(8), 1413-15  
CODEN: PYTCAS; ISSN: 0031-9422

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

GI



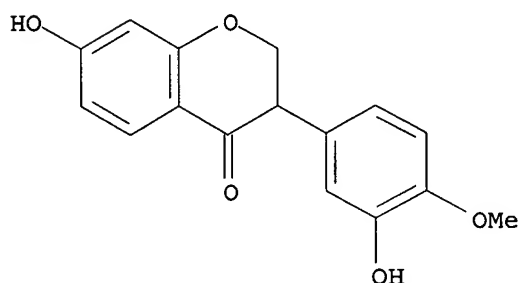
AB (+)-Vestitol (I) and (+)-vesticarpan (II) were isolated from the trunkwood of *M. vestitum*. Also isolated were O-acetyloleanolic aldehyde, formononetin, (+)-medicarpin, and (-)-mucronulatol. The structures of I and II were detd. by chem. and spectral means.

IT 67492-31-3P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(prepn. of)

RN 67492-31-3 HCAPLUS

CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, 2,3-dihydro-7-hydroxy-3-(3-hydroxy-4-methoxyphenyl)-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L39 ANSWER 48 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1979:54856 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 90:54856

TITLE: Synthesis of bryacarpene 3 and bryacarpene 5

AUTHOR(S): Ahluwalia, V. K.; Prakash, Chandra; Rani, Nimmi

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Univ. Delhi, Delhi, India

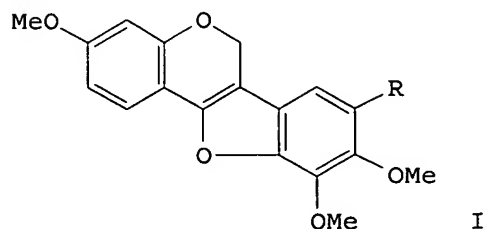
SOURCE: Indian Journal of Chemistry, Section B: Organic Chemistry Including Medicinal Chemistry (1978), 16B(5), 372-4

CODEN: IJSBDB; ISSN: 0376-4699

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

GI

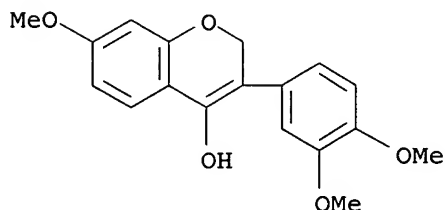


AB Bryacarpene 3 (I, R = MeO) was prepd. from 3,4,5-trimethoxyphenylacetonitrile and resorcinol in 6 steps. Bryacarpene 5 (I, R = H) was prepd. from 2,3,4-trimethoxybenzaldehyde and hippuric acid in 17 steps.

IT 68750-02-7P  
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (prepn. and cyclization of)

RN 68750-02-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-4-ol, 3-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-7-methoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L39 ANSWER 49 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1978:503700 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 89:103700

TITLE: The chemistry of Brazilian Leguminosae. Part 55. Isoflavonoids from Myroxylon balsamum

AUTHOR(S): De Oliveira, Alaide B.; Madruga, M. Iracema L. M.; Gottlieb, Otto R.

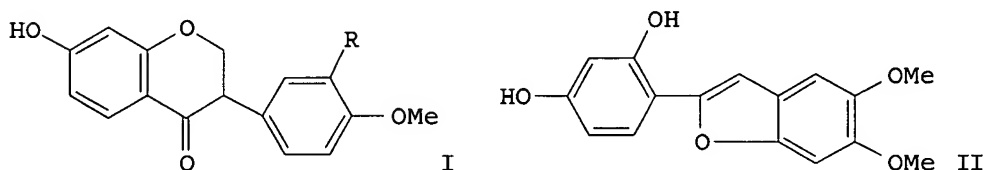
CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Cienc. Exatas, Univ. Fed. Minas Gerais, Belo Horizonte, Brazil

SOURCE: Phytochemistry (Elsevier) (1978), 17(3), 593-5  
CODEN: PYTCAS; ISSN: 0031-9422

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

GI



AB The structures of isoflavones I (R = H, OH) and of benzofuran II, isolated from M. balsamum, were detd. spectroscopically.

IT 67492-32-4P 67492-35-7P  
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (prepn. and oxidn. of, isoflavone by)

RN 67492-32-4 HCAPLUS

RN 67492-35-7 HCAPLUS

L39 ANSWER 50 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1978:136409 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 88:136409

TITLE: Catalytic hydrogenation of isoflavones. The preparation of (.-.)-equol and related isoflavans  
AUTHOR(S): Lamberton, John A.; Suares, Hector; Watson, Keith G.  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Div. Appl. Org. Chem., CSIRO, Melbourne, Australia  
SOURCE: Australian Journal of Chemistry (1978), 31(2), 455-7  
CODEN: AJCHAS; ISSN: 0004-9425

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB Hydrogenation of daidzein, or preferably its O,O-diacetyl deriv., gives (.-.)-equol in good yield only over Pd/C prepd according to the Wessely and Prillinger method (1939), whereas other Pd/C catalysts give mixts. of products. Hydrogenation of O,O,O-triacetylgenistein can be used to prep. isoflavin-4',5,7-triol.

IT 66036-38-2P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(prepn. of)

RN 66036-38-2 HCAPLUS

L39 ANSWER 51 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1975:479032 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 83:79032

TITLE: Hydroborations. New synthesis of O-methylformononetin, formononetin, cabreuvin, and (+-) O-dimethylequol

AUTHOR(S): Kirkiacharian, Berdj S.; Chidiac, Henri

CORPORATE SOURCE: Lab. Pharm. Chim., Fac. Fr. Med. Pharm., Beirut, Lebanon

SOURCE: Comptes Rendus des Seances de l'Academie des Sciences, Serie C: Sciences Chimiques (1975), 280(11), 775-8  
CODEN: CHDCAQ; ISSN: 0567-6541

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: French

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

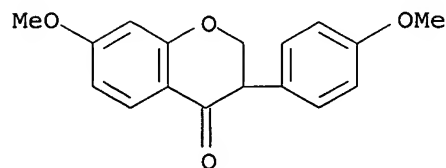
AB Isoflavones I (R = OMe, OH, OAc, R1 = H; R = R1 = OMe) were prepd. by condensing 3-RC6H4OH (R = OMe, OCH2Ph) with 3,4-R1(MeO)C6H3CH(CO2Et)2 to give II, hydroboration-chromate oxidn. of II to III (X = O, H2) and dehydrogenation of III (X = O). The dehydrogenation of III (X = O, R = OCH2Ph, R1 = H) occurred with debenzylation.

IT 15236-11-0P 56407-05-7P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(prepn. and dehydrogenation of)

RN 15236-11-0 HCAPLUS

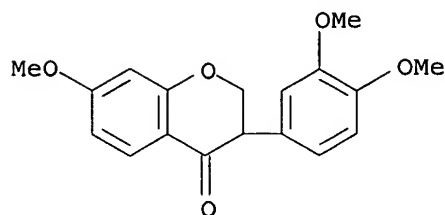
CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, 2,3-dihydro-7-methoxy-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)



RN 56407-05-7 HCAPLUS



CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, 3-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-2,3-dihydro-7-methoxy-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

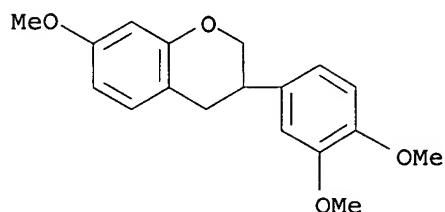


IT 4278-54-0P 4366-35-2P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(prepn. of)

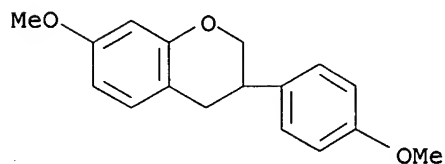
RN 4278-54-0 HCAPLUS

CN 2H-1-Benzopyran, 3-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-3,4-dihydro-7-methoxy- (9CI) (CA  
INDEX NAME)



RN 4366-35-2 HCAPLUS

CN 2H-1-Benzopyran, 3,4-dihydro-7-methoxy-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA  
INDEX NAME)



L39 ANSWER 52 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1974:120700 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 80:120700

TITLE: Synthesis of sophorol, violanone, lonchocarpan,  
claussequinone, philenopteran, leiocalycin, and other  
natural isoflavonoids by the oxidative rearrangement  
of chalcones with thallium(III) nitrate

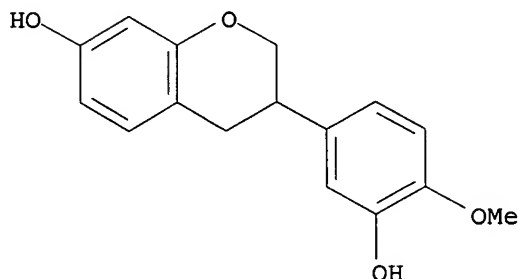
AUTHOR(S): Farkas, Lorand; Gottsegen, Agnes; Nogradi, Mihaly;  
Antus, Sandor

CORPORATE SOURCE: Res. Group Alkaloid Chem., Hung. Acad. Sci., Budapest,  
Hung.

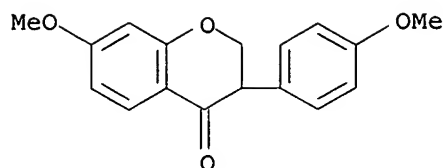
SOURCE: Journal of the Chemical Society, Perkin Transactions  
1: Organic and Bio-Organic Chemistry (1972-1999)  
(1974), (2), 305-12

CODEN: JCPRB4; ISSN: 0300-922X

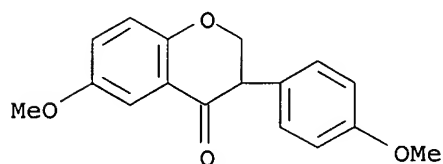
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English  
GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.  
AB Cyclization of 1-(2-hydroxyphenyl)-3,3-dimethoxy-2-phenylpropan-1-ones, prepd. by oxidative rearrangement of 2'-hydroxy- and -acetoxychalcones with  $\text{Ti}(\text{NO}_3)_3$  in MeOH, gave, after the appropriate modifications, the title compds. E.g., (.+-.)-sophorol (I) was prepd. in 5 steps from the chalcone (II) via the isoflavone (III). Acid-catalyzed cyclization of 1-(2-hydroxy-4-methoxyphenyl)-2-2-hydroxy-4,5-(methylenedioxy)phenyl-3,3-dimethoxypropan-1-one gave benzofurobenzopyrans.  
IT 52250-37-0P  
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(prepn. of)  
RN 52250-37-0 HCAPLUS  
CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-7-ol, 3,4-dihydro-3-(3-hydroxy-4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)



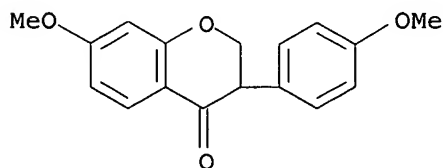
L39 ANSWER 53 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1973:453139 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 79:53139  
TITLE: Palladium-catalyzed arylation of 4-chromanone enol esters. New synthesis of isoflavanones  
AUTHOR(S): Saito, Ryuichi; Izumi, Taeko; Kasahara, Akira  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Fac. Eng., Yamagata Univ., Yonezawa, Japan  
SOURCE: Bulletin of the Chemical Society of Japan (1973), 46(6), 1776-9  
CODEN: BCSJA8; ISSN: 0009-2673  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English  
GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.  
AB The Heck reaction of 4-chromanone enol esters with arylpalladium compds. in HOAc afforded isoflavanones(I) in a high yield. The structural elucidation of these products was accomplished by spectral examn.  
IT 15236-11-0P 42327-66-2P  
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(prepn. of)  
RN 15236-11-0 HCAPLUS  
CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, 2,3-dihydro-7-methoxy-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)



RN 42327-66-2 HCAPLUS  
CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, 2,3-dihydro-6-methoxy-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)



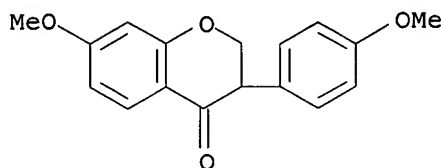
L39 ANSWER 54 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1973:58198 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 78:58198  
TITLE: New synthesis of isoflavanones  
AUTHOR(S): Aggarwal, S. K.; Grover, S. K.; Seshadri, T. R.  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Univ. Delhi, Delhi, India  
SOURCE: Indian Journal of Chemistry (1972), 10(8), 804-7  
CODEN: IJOCAP; ISSN: 0019-5103  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English  
AB 3-Hydroxydeoxybenzoins were treated with CH<sub>2</sub>I<sub>2</sub> and K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> in boiling Me<sub>2</sub>CO soln. to give 12 isoflavanones.  
IT 15236-11-0P  
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(prepn. of)  
RN 15236-11-0 HCAPLUS  
CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, 2,3-dihydro-7-methoxy-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)



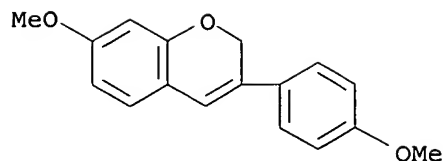
L39 ANSWER 55 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1970:12489 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 72:12489  
TITLE: Novel synthesis of isoflavanones  
AUTHOR(S): Aggarwal, S. K.; Grover, S. K.; Seshadri, Tiruvenkata R.  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Univ. Delhi, Delhi, India  
SOURCE: Indian Journal of Chemistry (1969), 7(10), 1059-60

CODEN: IJOCAP; ISSN: 0019-5103

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English  
GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.  
AB The action of CH<sub>2</sub>I<sub>2</sub> in the presence of Me<sub>2</sub>CO and K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> on o-hydroxydeoxybenzoins yields isoflavanones. It is necessary to protect all free OH groups, except at the 2-position. The method is capable of general application as shown by the prepn. of 7-benzyloxy- (I), 4',7-dimethoxy- (II), and 5,7-dimethoxyisoflavanones (III) starting resp. from 2-hydroxy-4-benzyloxy-, 2-hydroxy-4,4'-dimethoxy-, and 2-hydroxy-4,6-dimethoxydeoxybenzoins.  
IT 15236-11-0P  
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(prepn. of)  
RN 15236-11-0 HCAPLUS  
CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, 2,3-dihydro-7-methoxy-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

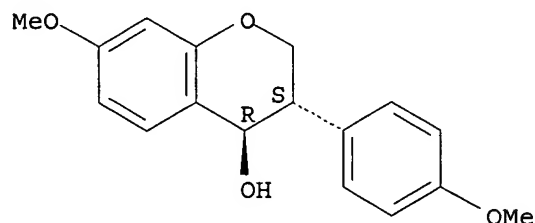


L39 ANSWER 56 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1969:11493 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 70:11493  
TITLE: Syntheses of trans-isoflavan-4-ols  
AUTHOR(S): Yamaguchi, Shozo; Ito, Shoei; Suzuki, Ikuko; Inoue, Naoto  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Tohoku Univ., Sendai, Japan  
SOURCE: Bulletin of the Chemical Society of Japan (1968), 41(9), 2073-7  
CODEN: BCSJA8; ISSN: 0009-2673  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English  
GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.  
AB The reaction of nitrous acid and three 4-aminoisoflavan hydrochlorides (I, II, and III) obtained by the catalytic hydrogenation of isoflavanone oximes, and the hydroboration of 3 isoflavones (IV, V, and VI), were investigated in the hope of finding a general method of synthesizing trans-isoflavan-4-ols. The reaction of I and II with nitrous acid afforded the corresponding trans-4-ols, though in a poor yield, but that of III produced no expected compd., the corresponding isoflavene VI being obtained instead. The hydroboration of IV, V, and VI afforded the corresponding trans-alcs. (VII, VIII, and IX) in good yields. In addn., it became clear that 4-aminoisoflavans obtained by the catalytic redn. of the oximino compds. possess the 3,4-cis configuration.  
IT 4308-53-6P 20986-82-7P 20986-83-8P  
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(prepn. of)  
RN 4308-53-6 HCAPLUS  
CN 2H-1-Benzopyran, 7-methoxy-3-(p-methoxyphenyl)- (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



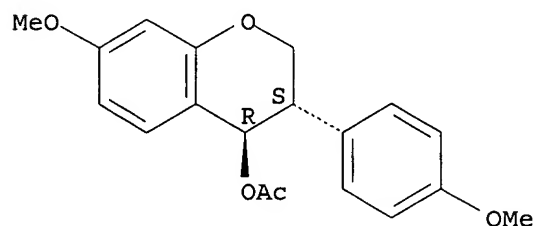
RN 20986-82-7 HCAPLUS  
 CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-4-ol, 3,4-dihydro-7-methoxy-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-,  
 (3R,4S)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



RN 20986-83-8 HCAPLUS  
 CN 4-Isoflavanol, 4',7-dimethoxy-, acetate, trans- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



L39 ANSWER 57 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1968:459042 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 69:59042  
 TITLE: Optically active aromatic chromophores. VIII. The isoflavanoid and rotenoid series  
 AUTHOR(S): Verbit, L.; Clark-Lewis, J. W.  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: State Univ. of New York, Binghamton, NY, USA  
 SOURCE: Tetrahedron (1968), 24(16), 5519-27  
 CODEN: TETRAB; ISSN: 0040-4020  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.  
 AB (-)-Equol di-Me ether (I) (4',7-dimethoxyisoflavan) is shown from O.R.D. and circular dichroism (CD) data to have the 3S-configuration instead of the R-configuration previously assigned (H. Sugimoto, 1966) from the plain dispersion curves at longer wavelength. The CD spectra of (-)-dihydrodeoxyrotenone and (-)-dihydrodeoxydeguelin are closely similar and their pos. Cotton effects at longer wavelength are opposite in sign to the long wavelength Cotton effects of 3S-(-)-3',4',5,7-tetramethoxyisoflavan and 3S-(-)-equol di-Me ether. The CD curves of

S-(+)-1-(1,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)propane and of S-(+)-(2,4,6-trimethoxyphenyl)-2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)propane are virtually identical, and this confirms the identity in configuration of the 2 propanes previously inferred from the sign of rotation at the Na D-line, and provides a correlation of the abs. configurations of (+)-catechin, the related isoflavans, and (-)-angolensin. 16 references.

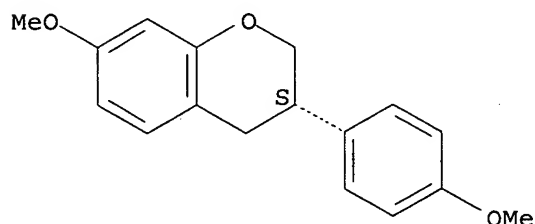
IT 3722-56-3P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(prepn. of)

RN 3722-56-3 HCAPLUS

CN 2H-1-Benzopyran, 3,4-dihydro-7-methoxy-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-, (3S)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



L39 ANSWER 58 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1967:443637 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 67:43637

TITLE: Flavonoids. IV. A novel Clemmensen reduction. The direct conversion of 2-alkylisoflavones to 2-alkyl-3-isoflavenes

AUTHOR(S): Dudley, Kenneth H.; Miller, H. Wayne; Corley, Robert C.; Wall, Monroe E.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Res. Triangle Inst., Durham, NC, USA

SOURCE: Journal of Organic Chemistry (1967), 32(7), 2317-21  
CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

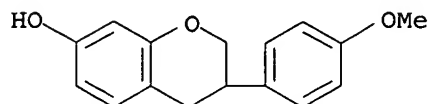
AB cf. preceding abstr. During a study of methods applicable to the exhaustive redn. of 2-alkylisoflavone systems, the Clemmensen redn. resulted in a direct conversion of 2-alkyl-isoflavones to 2-alkyl-3-isoflavenes. Redn. of a 2-unsubstituted isoflavone gave an isoflavene characterized as a mixt. of 2- and 3-isomers. The light absorption properties of 3-isoflavenes are discussed. 13 references.

IT 10499-17-9P 10535-63-4P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(prepn. of)

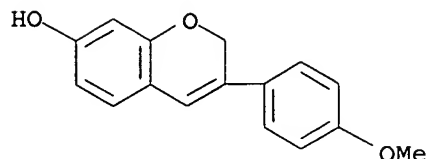
RN 10499-17-9 HCAPLUS

CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-7-ol, 3,4-dihydro-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 10535-63-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2H-1-Benzopyran-7-ol, 3-(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L39 ANSWER 59 OF 59 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1967:443636 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 67:43636

TITLE: Flavonoids. III. Studies on the synthesis of

2,4-dialkyl-7-acetoxy-4-methoxy-3-isoflavenes

AUTHOR(S): Dudley, Kenneth H.; Corley, Robert C.; Miller, H. Wayne; Wall, Monroe E.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Res. Triangle Inst., Durham, NC, USA

SOURCE: Journal of Organic Chemistry (1967), 32(7), 2312-17

CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB cf. CA 64: 3464a. A method is described for the conversion of 2-methyl-7-tetrahydropyranyloxy-4'-methoxy-isoflavone to 2-methyl-4-alkyl-7-acetoxy-4'-methoxy-3-isoflavenes (I). The incorporation of the tetrahydropyranyloxy group, as contrasted with alkyl ether groups, permits a facile cleavage of the protecting group (required for the borohydride redn. step) at a later stage in the synthesis. The synthesis entails the steps: 7-tetrahydropyranyloxyisoflavone .fwdarw. [7-tetrahydropyranyloxyisoflavanol] .fwdarw. 7-tetrahydropyranyloxyisoflavanone .fwdarw. [4-alkyl-7-tetrahydropyranyloxyisoflavanol] .fwdarw. [4-alkyl-7-hydroxy-3-isoflavene] .fwdarw. 4-alkyl-7-acetoxy-3-isoflavene. 21 references.

IT 4626-22-6P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(prepn. of)

RN 4626-22-6 HCAPLUS

CN 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, 2,3-dihydro-7-hydroxy-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

